

STOVL FIGHTER PROPULSION RELIABILITY,

MAINTAINABILITY AND SUPPORTABILITY CHARACTERIZATION

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SUMMARY

The Short Take Off and Vertical Landing (STOVL) fighter propulsion reliability, maintainability and supportability characterization study was performed by Universal Technology Corporation (UTC) under contract to the Turbine Engine Division, Aero Propulsion and Power Laboratory, Wright Research and Development Center, (WDRC/POT).

The objectives of the study are listed below:

- 1. Estimate the reliability, maintainability and supportability (R, M & S) of STOVL fighter propulsion systems,
- 2. Rank order the propulsion concepts based on the R, M & S characteristics of each concept,
- 3. Identify the propulsion system components that are critical to the R, M & S evaluations, and
- 4. Recommend future STOVL propulsion R, M & S research efforts.

The information contained in this report was obtained from sources identified during a literature search and discussions with representatives of government and industry organizations. Data was collected on the following propulsion concepts: ejector augmentor, hybrid fan vectored thrust (HFVT), lift plus lift/cruise, remote augmented lift (RAL), and remote exhaust (REX). The US/UK Advanced Short Takeoff and Vertical Landing (ASTOVL) fighter studies and the NASA lift plus lift/cruise study were the best sources of information.

An evaluation method was developed for the STOVL propulsion R, M & S study. This method employs the following rating parameters; mean time between maintenance inherent (MTRMI), line replaceable unit (LRU) removal rate, shop visit rate (SVR), other subsystem/maintenance event rate, inflight shut down (IFSD) rate, non-recoverable in-flight shut down (NRIFSD) rate and maintenance man-hours per engine flight hour (MMH/EFH). In order

to estimate the propulsion system R, M & S characteristics, component level data is needed. Once the component level data is collected, the propulsion system totals can be calculated using a math model. A spread sheet model was developed to predict system R, M & S characteristics based upon component level input. The R, M & S evaluation model, while it appears valid, was not used in this effort. The information needed was not readily available and acquiring it would have required a significant effort outside the scope of this task.

As an interim measure, the Resource Allocation and Decision Aid (RADA) software program was obtained and used to provide a subjective evaluation of the various STOVL propulsion concepts. The results of the RADA analysis are limited by the subjectivity of the evaluators.

Through the course of the STOVL propulsion concept evaluations it was found that certain components were critical to the R, M & S estimates.

These components are listed below:

- Vectoring primary nozzles
- . Vertical lifting exhaust nozzles
- . Butterfly/Diverter valves
- . Variable area bypass injectors
- . Lift engine components
- . RAL system burner
- . Nozzle actuation systems
- . Valve actuation systems
- . Control systems
- . Engine Bleed systems

Based on the results of this study, the following recommendations were made for STOVL fighter propulsion system R, M & S evaluation efforts:

- o Define the mission profiles and design requirements to be used for the propulsion system R, M & S evaluations early,
- o Identify and characterize the components of each propulsion concept,

- o Obtain component level R, M & S projections from the engine and airframe contractors,
- o Compute the overall R, M & S ratings for each propulsion concept by summing up the component level data,
- o If the propulsion system R, M & S projections do not meet the requirements, identify components possessing low R, M & S ratings and establish development programs to improve the R, M & S characteristics of these components.



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FOREWORD

The author wishes to acknowledge Mr. David Fleeger for the technical assistance he provided to this project. Mr. Fleeger's work was key to the reliability, maintainability and supportability spread sheet analysis method developed in this study.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

UTC was tasked by the WRDC Aero Propulsion and Power Laboratory to investigate the R, M & S characteristics of various STOVL propulsion concepts. The Laboratory was interested in the R, M & S characteristics of the concepts since the engine design can be influenced by these characteristics. The study focused on the ejector augmentor, HFVT, lift plus lift/cruise, RAL and REX propulsion concepts. Information on these propulsion concepts, to the extent that it was available, was collected from the US/UK ASTOVL studies and the NASA lift plus lift/cruise study.

Four objectives were set for this study:

- 1. Estimate the R, M & S characteristics of the five STOVL propulsion concepts,
- 2. Rank order the propulsion concepts based on the R, M & S estimates.
- 3. Identify the propulsion system components that are critical to the R, M & S evaluations, and
- 4. Recommend future STOVL propulsion R, M & S research efforts.

A four step approach was used to meet the objectives of the study:

- Collect data on the ejector augmentor, HFVT, lift plus lift/cruise, RAL and REX propulsion concepts. Obtain this data from government/industry organizations and sources identified by a literature search.
- 2. Develop a method to evaluate the R, M & S characteristics of the propulsion concepts,
- 3. Analyze the collected information in order to evaluate the R, M & S characteristics of each propulsion concept, and
- 4. Rank order the propulsion concepts and identify the propulsion components critical to the R, M & S estimates.

The limitations associated with the study are stated below:

1. The US/UK ASTOVL and NASA lift plus lift/cruise studies did not contain sufficient information on the propulsion system component designs to determine the R, M & S characteristics these components.

- 2. No significant R, M & S data was obtained from the engine contractors or the airframe contractors on the STOVL propulsion systems, and
- 3. The R, M & S analysis method discussed in the report was meant to establish R, M & S characteristics at the organizational level. Intermediate and depot level maintainability and supportability issues are not addressed in this analysis.

2.0 RELIABILITY, MAINTAINABILITY AND SUPPORTABILITY EVALUATION METHOD

A method to evaluate the R, M & S characteristics of a STOVL propulsion system was developed. The evaluation method is currently set up to provide an estimate of organizational level R, M & S. Information obtained from propulsion system flow charts, FMECA reports, technical orders, and field level reports can be used to estimate propulsion system R, M & S characteristics. Data should be gathered on each propulsion system component. After the data has been collected, the total propulsion system R, M & S can be calculated by summing the component level data. Once the R, M & S estimates have been calculated for each concept, the concepts can be compared to one another.

In order to rate propulsion system R, M & S, some measures of merit needed to be defined. The following parameters were selected to measure the R, M & S of a propulsion concept:

- 1. Mean time between maintenance inherent events (MTRMI),
- 2. Other subsystem/maintenance event rate,
- 3. Line replaceable unit removal rate (LRU),
- 4. Stop visit rate (SVR),
- In-flight shut down rate (IFSD),
- 6. Non-recoverable in-flight shut down rate (NRIFSD), and
- 7. Maintenance man-hours per engine flight hour (MMH/EFH).

Definitions of these parameters are located in appendix A. MTHMI provides an estimate of the system reliability. IFSD and NRIFSD rates

measure system safety. MMH/EFH, SVR, LRU and other subsystem/maintenance event rates are used to track system supportability and system costs. These rating parameters were selected for the model since the Propulsion System Program Office of the Aeronautical Systems Division, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, uses these parameters to measure the R, M & S of current propulsion systems. Other measures of merit could have been selected for the model, but the ones chosen will give a good indication of the R, M & S characteristics of future propulsion concepts.

Propulsion system components need to be defined before R, M & S estimates can be made. System flow charts can be developed to show the key propulsion components. Figure 1 shows an example of a system flow chart.

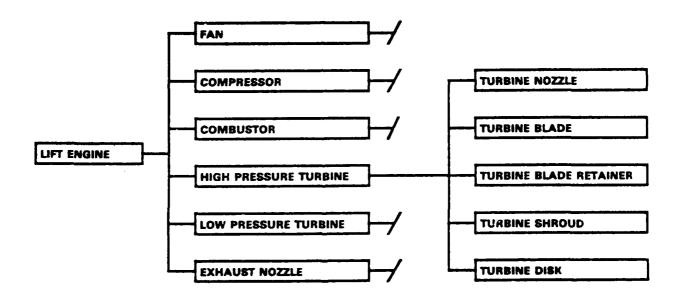


FIGURE 1. Lift Engine Flow Chart Example

After the system flow charts are developed, data must be gathered on each propulsion component. Component level R, M & S estimates can be derived from information compiled on previously developed hardware. R, M & S estimates need to account for the component usage and environment. Usage and environment information can be estimated from mission profile requirements.

The relationship between unscheduled and scheduled maintenance events needs to be included in the system evaluations since scheduled maintenance events are designed to prevent unscheduled maintenance events. Unscheduled maintenance event rates can be estimated from FMECA and field maintenance event reports of current propulsion systems. Scheduled maintenance event rates can be estimated from Technical Orders developed for fielded propulsion systems and STOVL propulsion system design requirements.

After the unscheduled and scheduled maintenance event rate estimates are established, maintenance man-hours can be estimated. Maintenance man-hours should include the time required to isolate the fault, remove a faulty component, install and check a new component. Maintenance man-hour data can be estimated from field maintenance reports and maintenance man-hour analyses conducted for previously developed propulsion systems.

Once the component level R, M & S values are determined, a math model can be used to sum the component data. A spread sheet math model was developed to calculate propulsion system unscheduled, scheduled and total maintenance event rates. A description of, and set of instructions for the spreadsheet model are in appendix B.

In order to compare the propulsion concepts, a spread sheet must be completed for each concept. The spreadsheet calculates the R, M & S parameters and places these parameter ratings in the summary section of the spreadsheet. The propulsion systems can be ranked by comparing the parameter values located on the summary sheet.

3.0 STOVL PROPULSION SYSTEM RATINGS

The R, M & S characteristics of the ejector augmentor, HFVT, lift plus lift/cruise, RAL and REX propulsion concepts were evaluated. Propulsion system flow charts were developed for each concept. The US/UK ASTOVL

studies and the NASA lift plus lift/cruise study provided some inputs for the propulsion system flow charts but they did not fully define the propulsion concepts. Additional entries were made on the flow charts to represent aspects of the propulsion system that were not defined in the US/UK and NASA studies.

The components of the propulsion concepts were grouped into seven categories. Figure 2 shows the categories that were defined for the system flow charts.

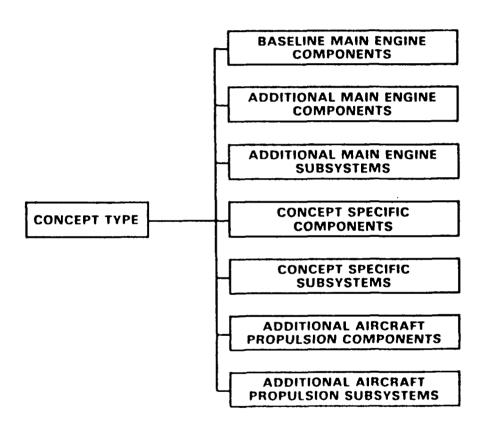


FIGURE 2. Propulsion Component Categories

The baseline main engine component group was the same for all the concepts. Appendix C contains the baseline main engine component group flow charts. The other category groups contain components that are specific to each concept. The six component groups that were developed for

each concept are shown in the following appendices: Appendix D - Rjector Augmentor, Appendix E - HFVT, Appendix F - Lift plus Lift/Cruise, Appendix G - RAL, Appendix H - REX.

After the system flow charts were defined, an attempt was made to collect data on each of the STOVL propulsion components shown on the charts. However, it soon became apparent that R, M & S data was not readily available for the propulsion concepts. No component level data was contained in the US/UK ASTOVL or NASA lift plus lift/cruise studies, nor was R, M & S data, obtained from the engine and airframe manufacturers.

Another approach to estimating component level R, M & S numbers is to gather information on currently fielded components and extrapolate this data "by similarity" to the STOVL propulsion components.

Reliability/maintainability status reports and technical orders on two current operational engines were obtained in order to explore this approach to estimating STOVL propulsion component R, M & S values. Current system component data was compiled and entered into the spread sheet formats. While the current system data is available and adequate for this approach, there is not adequate detailed design data on the STOVL propulsion components to establish the necessary similarity to current components to use this approach.

The attempts to provide a system evaluation, based upon the usual R, M & S approaches, could not be accomplished since actual STOVL hardware and design data bases are not available. Thus, a subjective evaluation of the relative R, M & S merits of the STOVL propulsion concepts was conducted.

The hierarchy used for the subjective evaluation process is given in Figure 3. The five STOVL propulsion concepts are the alternatives to be compared.

Each propulsion concept is subdivided into the six STOVL component groups identified in Figure 3. The baseline main engine component group was not included since this group was the same for all the concepts and would not affect the concept rankings. The R, M & S characteristics and their associated factors are evaluated for each component group. The basic subjective judgement which is made is at the factor level for each characteristic component group and propulsion concept. These judgments were made assuming a common mission/usage for all propulsion concepts.

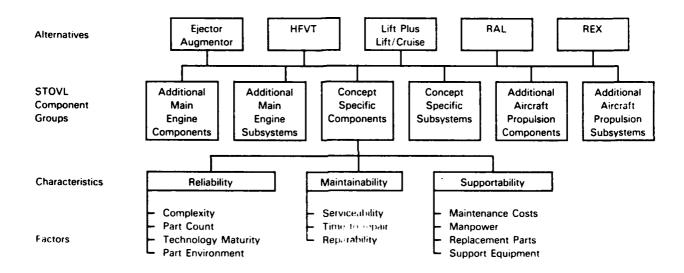


FIGURE 3. Subjective Evaluation Process Hierarchy

The ratings were conducted on a relative basis. For example, the complexity factor for the additional aircraft propulsion components of the ejector augmentor was compared to the complexity factor for the additional aircraft propulsion components of the HFVT. lift plus lift/cruise. RAL and REX systems. Raw scores for each factor were determined on a scale of 1 to 4 - 1 being the best and 4 being the worst. Weights were assigned to the factors and characteristics of each STOVL component group.

An existing Resource Allocation and Decision Aid (RADA) program was used to compute the ratings based upon the assigned raw scores and weighting factors. A brief description of this program, the input raw scores, weighting factors and the computed intermediate ratings are given in appendix I.

The relative R, M & S ratings of the five STOVL propulsion concepts for each of the six STOVL component groups is given in Table 1. The scale is 1 - 10 with 1 being best and 10 worst. The STOVL component group weighting factors (wt) used to combine these ratings into an overall propulsion concept rating also are given in table 1. The main engine and the concept specific component groups were judged to have a greater impact on the R, M & S characteristics of the propulsion systems and, thus, were given larger weighting factors.

TABLE 1 - STOVL Component Group R, M & S Ratings and Weighting Factors

	ADDITIONAL MAIN ENGINE COMPONENTS	ADDITIONAL MAIN ENGINE SUBSYSTEMS	CONCEPT SPECIFIC COMPONENTS	CONCEPT SPECIFIC SUBSYSTEMS	ADDITIONAL AIRCRAFT PROPULSION COMPONENTS	ADDITIONAL AIRCRAFT PROPULSION SUBSYSTEMS
	WT = 2	WT = 1	WT = 2	WT = 1	WT = 1	WT = 1
EJECTOR	6	6	8	5	1	1
LIFT & LIFT/CRUISE	1	1	10	10	6	10
RALS	8	10	9	8	3	10
REX	1	1	6	4	2	10
HFVT	10	6	1	1	10	6

Table 2 displays the resulting ratings of the STOVL propulsion concepts and their rank order, from best to worst.

The REX propulsion concept had the best R. M & S characteristics due to the low ratings given to the additional main engine components, additional aircraft components, additional main engine subsystem and vertical lift subsystem groups.

The relative design simplicity and maturity of the implied technology associated with these component groups resulted in the low ratings.

The RAL propulsion concept had the worst R. M & S characteristics due the high ratings given to the additional main engine components. additional main engine subsystems, vertical lift components, vertical lift subsystems and additional aircraft subsystem groups. These groups, when put together, were more complex than the component groups associated with the other propulsion concepts. The technologies implied in the RAL system did not appear as mature as the technologies employed in other propulsion concepts.

TABLE 2. STOVL Propulsion System R. M & S Ranking

Concept	Rating	Rank
REX	1	1
E.iector Augmentor	4	2
HFVT	5	3
Lift plus lift/cruise	6	4
RAL	10	5

4.0 CRITICAL STOVL PROPULSION COMPONENTS

During the R. M & S rating process. certain STOVL propulsion components were determined to be critical to the evaluation process. Each propulsion concept has a set of these critical components. The critical components associated with each concept are listed below.

Ejector Augmentor

Additional main engine components

- . Primary nozzle
- · Variable area bypass injectors
- · Spherical flexural joint

Additional main engine systems

- . Control system
- . Primary nozzle actuation system
- . Variable area bypass injector actuation system

Concept specific components

- . Ventral nozzle
- . Ejector nozzle assembly
- . Butterfly valves
- . Ejector air distribution plenums

Concept specific subsystems

- . Control system
- . Ventral nozzle actuation system
- . Butterfly valve actuation system
- . Ejector door actuation system

Lift plus Lift/Cruise

Additional main engine components

. Primary nozzle

Additional main engine subsystems

- . Control system
- . Primary nozzle actuation system

Concept specific components

- . Block and turn nozzle
- . Butterfly valve
- . Lift engine

Concept specific subsystems

- . Control system
- . Block and turn nozzle actuation system
- . Butterfly valve actuation
- . Lift engine fuel system
- . Lift engine lubrication system

Remote Augmented Lift

Additional main engine components

- . Primary nozzle
- . Variable area bypass injector

Additional main engine subsystems

- . Control system
- . Primary nozzle actuation system
- . Variable area bypass injector actuation system

Concept specific components

- . RAL nozzle
- . RAL burner
- . Bellow clamp
- . Butterfly valve

Concept specific subsystems

- . Control system
- . RAL burner
- . RAL fuel system
- . Butterfly valves actuation system

Remote Exhaust

Additional main engine components

. Primary nozzle

Additional main engine subsystems

- . Control system
- . Primary nozzle actuation system

Concept specific components

- . Ventral nozzle
- . Lift nozzle
- . Butterfly valves
- . Expansion bellows

Concept specific subsystems

- . Control system
- . Ventral nozzle actuation system
- . Lift nozzle actuation system
- . Butterfly valve actuation

Hybrid Fan Vectored Thrust

Additional main engine components

- . Primary nozzle
- . Long low pressure shaft

Additional main engine subsystems

- . Control system
- . Primary nozzle actuation

Concept specific components

- . Front nozzles
- . Diverter valve

Concept specific subsystems

- . Control system
- . Front nozzle actuation system
- . Diverter valve actuation system

In order to refine the R, M & S rating process discussed in section 3.0, defined design data will need to be available on these critical STOVL propulsion components. The R, M & S characteristics of these components

will be hard to estimate based on similarity since many of the STOVL components are not closely related components of current propulsion systems.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

The R, M & S characteristics of various STOVL propulsion concepts were addressed in this study. The lack of detailed design data for the STOVL propulsion concepts precluded applying the usual component allocation build-up or "similarity" approaches to estimating the R, M & S characteristics of these concepts. A spread sheet evaluation model was generated which should provide increasingly realistic R, M & S evaluations as design configurations solidify. A subjective evaluation process was developed and applied to the STOVL propulsion concepts examined in this study. The framework for the process was based on system flow charts developed for each STOVL propulsion concept. Judgments were made on the concept. The resulting rankings are listed (from best to worst) in Table 2.

During the evaluations, a group of the propulsion components were determined to be critical to the STOVL propulsion system R, M & S estimates. These components are listed below:

- . Vectoring primary nozzles
- . Vertical lifting exhaust nozzles
- . Butterfly/Diverter valves
- . Variable area bypass injectors
- . Lift engine components
- . RAL burner
- . Nozzle actuation systems
- . Valve actuation systems
- . Control avatems
- . Engine bleed systems

A component allocation-based analysis will be needed to predict to the R, M & S characteristics of the various propulsion concepts. Detailed design work and sub-system testing will provide increasing realistic inputs to future R, M & S evaluations.

6.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

The following recommendations were made for future STOVL fighter propulsion R, M & S studies.

- o Define the mission profiles and design requirements to be used for the propulsion system R, M & S evaluations. If the actual field environment is different from the environment used for the propulsion system evaluations, the results of the R, M & S evaluation may be inaccurate.
- o Identify the components of each propulsion concept. Component level allocations will be used to calculate the total propulsion system R, M & S estimates. Propulsion system flow charts can be used to identify all the components. Engine and airframe contractors will need to supply information for this effort.
- o Obtain component level R, M & S projections from the engine and airframe contractors. Detailed design studies and testing may be required to provide accurate component level R, M & S projections.
- o Compute the overall R, M & S ratings for each propulsion concept by summing the component data in a R, M & S math model. A model similar to the spread sheet analysis method discussed in this study could be used.
- o If the propulsion system R, M & S projections do not meet the system requirements, components possessing low R, M & S projections will need to be identified. Development programs should be established to improve the R, M & S characteristics of low rated components.

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APPENDIX A

RELIABILITY, MAINTAINABILITY AND SUPPORTABILITY DEFINITIONS

In-flight shut down rate (IFSD)

The total number of engine chargeable shut downs, divided by the total EFH for the calculation period, times 1,000. In-flight shut downs include those events involving the stoppage of an engine that are necessary in the judgment of the pilot or air crew to prevent airframe/engine damage and personnel hazards. They include both recoverable and non-recoverable IFSD's.

Non-recoverable in-flight shut down rate (NRIFSD) (single engine aircraft)

The total number of engine chargeable non-recoverable shut downs, divided by the total EFH for the calculation period, times 1,000. Non-recoverable in-flight shut downs include those events involving engine stoppages that can not be restarted or engine power losses that would not allow the aircraft to return to a landing site. If a restart is not attempted, an assessment of the cause of the shut down will be made to determine if a restart would have been successful.

Line replaceable unit (LRU) removal rate

The sum of the inherent scheduled and unscheduled LRU removals, divided by the total EFH for the calculation period, times 1,000. Components subsequently bench-checked ok in the shop are not excluded. Multiple, identical LRUs replaced at the same time are considered a single event. If LRUs fail independently, each failure shall be counted as a removal.

Shop visit rate (SVR) (engine chargeable)

The sum of the inherent scheduled and unscheduled engine removals divided by the total EFH for the calculation period, times 1,000.

Other subsystem removal rate

The sum of the inherent scheduled and unscheduled other subsystem removals, divided by the total EFH for the calculation period, times 1,000.

Maintenance man-hour (MMH)

Maintenance man-hours include all man-hours required to maintain the engine for all engine causes. These man-hours include the time required for fault isolation and checkout, engine removal and replacement, engine buildup and teardown, component repair and adjustment, component removal and replacement, scheduled inspections, and all other engine service (including time compliance technical order accomplishment). Note: unless otherwise stated, 100% efficiency is assumed for MMH\KFH (efficiency factors must be applied to predict true operational values).

Mean time between maintenance-inherent (MTBMI)

Average engine flight hours between inherent maintenance events at the organizational level of maintenance.

APPENDIX B

STREAD SHEET DESCRIPTION AND INSTRUCTIONS

The spread sheet model can be used to estimate the reliability, maintainability, and supportability of a propulsion system. The spread sheet was developed with the Symphony software package. An introduction and a spread sheet layout diagram are included in the model. The introduction and layout diagram are shown on the following page.

The R, M & S criteria used to rate the propulsion systems are listed below:

- 1. Inherent Maintenance Events (MI)
- 2. Other Subsystem/Maintenance event rate
- 3. Line Replaceable Unit Removal Rate (LRU)
- 4. Shop Visit Rate (SVR)
- 5. In-Flight Shut Down Rate (IFSD)
- 6. Non-Recoverable In-Flight Shut Down Rate (NRIFSD)
- 7. Maintenance Man-Hours per Engine Flight Hour (MMH/EFH).

Definitions of these parameters are given in appendix A. The model requires inputs for each of these parameters at the propulsion component level.

Component level data will need to be input into each section of the spread sheet. The model has seven calculation sheets:

- 1. Summary sheet
- 2. Unscheduled major propulsion subsystem events sheet
- 3. Scheduled major propulsion subsystem events sheet
- 4. Unscheduled line replaceable unit events sheet
- 5. Scheduled line replaceable unit events sheet
- 6. Unscheduled other subsystem/maintenance events sheet
- 7. Scheduled other subsystem/maintenance events sheet.

These seven calculation sheets are described on the following pages.

SPREADSHEET INTRODUCTION AND LAYOUT

The introduction included in the spread sheet model is shown below:

The Universal Technology Corporation propulsion system reliability, maintainability and supportability model is designed to estimate the R. M & S characteristics of propulsion systems. Standard ASD/YZ parameters, definitions and data analysis methods are used.

The model is divided into seven major sections:

- 1. R. M & S Summary Sheet
- 2. Unscheduled Major Propulsion Subsystem Events Sheet
- 3. Scheduled Major Propulsion Subsystem Events Sheet
- 4. Unscheduled Line Replaceable Unit Events Sheet
- 5. Scheduled Line Replaceable Unit Events Sheet
- 6. Unscheduled Other Subsystems/Maintenance Events Sheet
- 7. Scheduled Other Subsystems/Maintenance Events Sheet.

Data inputs are required in each of the seven major sections. Portions of the spread sheet are protected to prevent incorrect cell entries. The spread sheet instructions should be read before data is entered into the model.

SPREADSHEET LAYOUT

The general layout of the model is shown in figure 4.

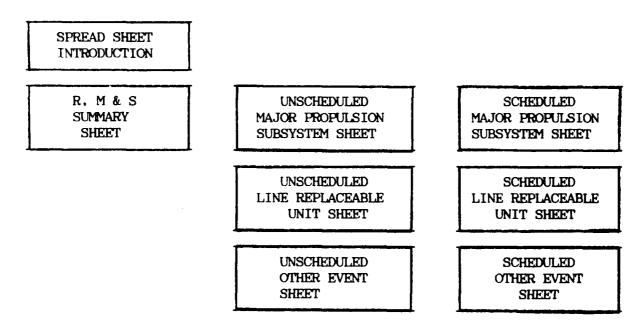


FIGURE 4. Spread Sheet Layout Diagram

SUMMARY SHEET

This sheet is partitioned into four tables:

- 1. Propulsion system general information table
- 2. Unscheduled events summary table
- 3. Scheduled events summary table
- 4. Combined unscheduled and scheduled events summary table.

Information on each table is provided below.

General Information Sheet

This table contains basic information on the propulsion system. The inputs required for this sheet are listed below. The entry location for each input is shown on table 3.

- 1. Propulsion concept
- 2. Aircraft manufacturer
- 3. Aircraft model
- 4. Engine manufacturer
- 5. Engine model
- 6. Ground Rules
 - A. Baseline mission profile
 - B. New mission profile (used only when the effects of new mission profiles are being estimated)
 - C. Total accumulated flight hours for the entire engine fleet
 - D. Number of propulsion systems in the fleet
 - E. Evaluation time period (number of engine flight hours that accumulate during the maintenance data collection time period)
 - F. Average vertical propulsion system operating time per propulsion system.

TABLE 3. Propulsion System General Information

GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. PROPULSION CONCEPT:
 - 2. AIRCRAFT MFG:
- 3. A/C CONFIGURATION/MODEL:
 - 4. ENGINE MFG:
- 5. ENGINE CONFIGURATION/MODEL:
- 6. GROUND RULES:
 - A. BASELINE MISSION PROFILE/MIX NUMBER:
 - B. NEW MISSION PROFILE/MIX NUMBER:
 - C. AVERAGE EFH PER PROPULSION SYSTEM:
 - D. NUMBER OF PROPULSION SYSTEMS:
 - E. EVENT RATE EVALUATION TIME:
 - F. AVERAGE VERTICAL EFH PER SYSTEM:

Unscheduled Events Summary Table

This table sums up all the unscheduled maintenance events. Data is automatically collected from the Unscheduled Major Propulsion Subsystem Events Sheet, the Unscheduled Line Replaceable Unit Events Sheet and the Unscheduled Other Subsystem/Maintenance Events Sheet. No inputs are required on table 4.

TABLE 4. Unscheduled Events Summary

UNSCHEDULED EVENTS	UNSCHEDULFD EVENTS PER CATEGORY (EVENT'1K EFH)							CONTRI - BUTI ON OF
	МІ	OTHER	LRU	SVR	I FSD	NRI FSD	мтви	CATEGORY TO Unscheduled MMH/EFH
MAJOR PROPULSION SUBSYSTEMS	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	ERR	0
LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS	0	0	0	0	0	0	ERR	0
OTHER MAINTENANCE EVENTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	ERR	0
OTALS (ALL CATEGORIES)	0	O	0	0	0	0	ERR	0

Scheduled Events Summary Table:

This table sums up all the scheduled maintenance events. Data is automatically collected from the Scheduled Major Propulsion Subsystem

Events Sheet, the Scheduled Line Replaceable Unit Events Sheet and the Scheduled Other Subsystem/Maintenance Events Sheet. No inputs are required on this table 5.

TABLE 5. Scheduled Events Summary

SCHEDULED EVENTS	SCHEDULED EVENTS PER CATEGORY (EVENT/1K EFH)							CONTRI - BUTI ON OF
	МІ	OTHER	LRU	SVR	I FSD	NRI FSD	мтвиц	CATEGORY TO SCHEDULED MMH/EFH
MAJOR PROPULSION SUBSYSTEMS	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0
LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0
OTHER MAINTENANCE EVENTS	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0
TOTALS (ALL CATEGORIES)	N 'A	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0

Combined Unscheduled and Scheduled Events Summary Table:

This table sums up all unscheduled and scheduled maintenance events.

Data is automatically collected from the unscheduled events summary table

and the scheduled events summary table. No inputs are required on table 6.

TABLE 6. Unscheduled and Scheduled Events Summary

UNSCHEDULED AND SCHEDULED EVENTS COMBINED	UNSCREDULED AND SCREDULED EVENTS PER CATEGORY							UNSCHEDULED AND SCHEDULED
	МІ	OTHER	LRU	SVR	I FSD	NRI FSD	мтвмі	MMH/EFH
MAJOR PROPULSION SUBSYSTEMS	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	ERR	0
LINE REPLACEABLE UNITS	0	0	0	0	0	0	ERR	0
OTHER MAINTENANCE EVENTS	0	0	0	0	٥	0	ERR	0
TOTALS (ALL CATEGORIES)	0	0	0	0	0	0	ERR	0

Unscheduled Major Propulsion Subsystem Events Sheet

This sheet holds information on the unscheduled maintenance events associated with the major propulsion subsystems. The systems that should be entered on this table include structural frames, rotating hardware, static gas path structures, exhaust nozzles, and so on. Table 7 shows the Unscheduled Major Propulsion Subsystem Events Sheet.

The inputs required for this sheet are listed below. The entry location for each input is shown on table 7.

- 1. Major propulsion subsystem names
- 2. Subsystem unscheduled baseline maintenance event rate maintenance events per 1000 engine flight hours
- 3. Event rate ratio used to adjust the baseline maintenance event rates for new mission profile evaluations or for sensitivity analyses
- 4. Probability of an unscheduled subsystem event affecting the inherent maintenance event rate the probability that a maintenance event will result in an inherent maintenance event
- 5. Probability of an unscheduled subsystem event affecting the other subsystem maintenance event rate the probability that a maintenance event will result in an other subsystem removal (non-applicable for this sheet)
- 6. Probability of an unscheduled subsystem event affecting the line replaceable unit removal rate the probability that a maintenance event will result in a line replaceable unit removal (non-applicable for this sheet)
- 7. Probability of an unscheduled subsystem event affecting the shop visit rate the probability that a maintenance event will result in a shop visit event
- 8. Probability of an unscheduled subsystem event affecting the inflight shut down rate the probability that a maintenance event will result in an in-flight shut down
- 9. Probability of an unscheduled subsystem event affecting the non-recoverable in-flight shut down rate the probability that a maintenance event will result in a non-recoverable shut down

- 10. Number of subsystems with common event rate
- 11. Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per other subsystem/maintenance event (100% efficiency) (non-applicable to this sheet)
- 12. Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per line replaceable unit removal event (100% efficiency) (non-applicable to this sheet)
- 13. Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per shop visit event (100% efficiency)
- 14. Maintenance man-hour efficiency factor.

This sheet has seven columns that contain calculated data. The location of each column is indicated on table 7. The equations for each column are listed below.

1. Contribution of the subsystem to the inherent maintenance event rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)

Subsystem Event baseline X rate X maintenance ratio event rate Event Event	Probability of the subsystem event affecting the inherent maintenance event rate	Number of subsystems X with common event rate
--	--	---

- 2. Contribution of the subsystem to the other subsystem/maintenance event rate (non-applicable to this sheet)
- 3. Contribution of the subsystem to the line replaceable unit removal rate (non-applicable to this sheet)
- 4. Contribution of the subsystem to the shop visit rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)

1	Subsystem unscheduled baseline maintenance event rate	}	Event (rate ratio	x	Probability of the subsystem event affecting the shop visit event rate	x	Number of subsystems with common event rate	•
-	event rate	i !	·i	į	event rate	i	event rate	:

5. Contribution of the subsystem to the in-flight shut down rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)

Probability of Subsystem unscheduled !Event! the subsystem Number of baseline X | rate | X | event affecting | X | subsystems |ratio| maintenance ! the shop visit with common event rate event rate event rate

6. Contribution of the subsystem to the non-recoverable in-flight shut down rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)

Subsystem Probability of unscheduled | the subsystem |Event| Number of X | rate | X ! baseline event affecting ; X : subsystems maintenance ! |ratio| the in-flight with common event rate shut down event rate event rate

7. Contribution of the subsystem to the maintenance man-hours per engine flight hour.

This sheet will sum the data contained in the following columns:

- 1. Contribution of the subsystem to the inherent maintenance event rate
- 2. Contribution of the subsystem to the shop visit rate
- 3. Contribution of the subsystem to the in-flight shut down rate
- 4. Contribution of the subsystem to the non-recoverable inflight shut down rate
- 5. Contribution of the subsystem to the maintenance man-hours per engine flight hour.

- 4. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the shop visit rate
 - 5. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the in-flight shut down rate
 - 6. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the non-recoverable in-flight shut down rate
 - 7. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the maintenance man-hours per engine flight hour.

TABLE 7. Unscheduled Major Propulsion Subsystem Events

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	CONTRI- BUTION OF SUBSTSTEM TO THE/BRI			=		ů
	RPPICI BACT			3		
			346	Ē		
	AVERACE OBC-LEVEL UNSCHEDULED LEVEL AVERA		3	(21)		
	08	كلي		≘		
		ARI EAU		<u>=</u>		0
	PSTEN R	1730		[2]		0
	CONTREBUTION OF SUBSTSTEM TO EACH PARAMETER (EVENTS/IE STH)	348		Ξ	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0
	EVENTS (EVENTS)	AZT)		5		N/A
	100 1			121	<pre></pre>	N/A
EVENTS		1)4		Ξ		Ú
UNSCRIBOULED NAJOR PROPULSION SUBSTSTER EVENTS	MANBER OF SUBSTSTENS WITH COMPON EVENT EATE			(01)		
PULSIO		WRT FSO		€		
30E PR	DVILED	<u></u>		8		
ULED KA	PROBABILITY OF UNSCREDULED SUBSTSTEM EVENT APPROTING EACH PARAMETER	8A8		ε		
		O S C		9	**************************************	
		OTHER		(5)	**************************************	
		IH		Ξ		
	EVENT RATE RATIO			ē		
	SURSTSTEM UNSCHEDULED BASELINE KAINTENANCE EVENT RATE (EVENT) IE EFE)			(2)		
	MAJOR PROPULSTON SUBSTSTENS			€		HAJOR SUBSTSTER TOTALS
			[-	~~~	***************************************	

Required inputs Calculated heab

Scheduled Major Propulsion Subsystem Events Sheet

This sheet holds information on the scheduled maintenance events associated with the major propulsion subsystems. The systems that should be entered on this table include structural frames, rotating hardware, static gas path structures, exhaust nozzles, and so on. Table 8 shows the Scheduled Major Propulsion Subsystem Events Sheet.

The inputs required for this sheet are listed below. The entry location for each input is shown on table 8.

- 1. Major propulsion subsystem name
- 2. Subsystem scheduled baseline maintenance event rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)
- 3. Event rate ratio
- 4. Scheduled event type shop visit (subsystem events that cause a shop visit)
- 5. Scheduled event type maintenance man-hour (subsystem events that cause maintenance personnel actions)
- 6. Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per event (100% efficiency)
- 7. Maintenance man-hour efficiency factor.

This sheet has three columns that contain calculated data. The location of each column is indicated on table 8. The equations for each column are listed below.

1. Contribution of the subsystem to the scheduled shop visit rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)

;		1		; ;		-		1	
	Subsystem scheduled	1		Event:		-	Scheduled	1	
	baseline maintenance	ŧ	X	rate	X	ļ	event type	i	
	event rate	1		ratio		1	(shop visit)	i	
)		!		1 1		i	•	•	

2. Contribution of the subsystem to the scheduled maintenance manhour event rate

Subsystem scheduled | Event | Scheduled event | baseline maintenance | X | rate | X | type (maintenance event rate | ratio | man-hours)

3. Contribution of the subsystem to the scheduled maintenance manhours per engine flight hour.

Contribution of Average Maintenance the subsystem to X organizational X man-hour * 1000 maintenance man- man-hour factor hour event rate per event

- 1. Contribution of the subsystem to the scheduled shop visit rate
- 2. Contribution of the subsystem to the scheduled maintenance manhours per engine flight hour.

TABLE 8. Scheduled Major Propulsion Subsystem Events

					7
VENTS	CONTRI- BUTION OF SUBSYSTEM TO SCREDULED	MOGB / EFR	[8]		O
	MMB EFFI CI ENCY FACTOR		(4)		
	AVERAGE ORG LEVEL MMB PER EVENT	EFFI CI ENCY	(9)		
	NTRIBUTION OF EACH SUBSYSTEM SCHEDULED LEVEL EVENTS ENT/IK EFH)	MMB	[2]	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
SUBSYSTEM EVENTS	CONTRIBUTION OF EACH SUBSYSTEM TO SCHEDULED ORG LEVEL EVENTS (EVENT/IK EFH)	S' R	[1]		٥
MAJOR PROPULSION ST	SCHEDULED EVENT TYPE	HMH	(\$)		
	SCHEDU EVENT TYPE	SVR	(4)		
SCREDULED	EVENT RATE RATIO		(8)		
	SUBSYSTEM SCHEDULED BASELINE MAINTENANCE EVENT RATE	(EVENTAIR EFB)	(2)		
	MAJOR PROPULSION SUBSYSTEMS		(1)		MAJOR SUBSYSTEM TOTALS
			3 2 1		

() Required inputs [] Calculated numbers

Unscheduled Line Replaceable Unit Events Sheet

This sheet holds information on the unscheduled maintenance events associated with the line replaceable units. The units that should be entered on this table include fuel pumps, fuel controls, ignition exciters, oil pumps, and so on. Table 9 shows the Unscheduled Line Replaceable Unit Events Sheet.

The inputs required for this sheet are listed below. The entry location for each input is shown on table 9.

- 1. Line replaceable unit names
- 2. Line replaceable unit unscheduled baseline maintenance event rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)
- 3. Event rate ratio
- 4. Probability of an unscheduled line replaceable unit event affecting the inherent maintenance event rate
- 5. Probability of an unscheduled line replaceable unit event affecting the other subsystem/maintenance event rate
- 6. Probability of an unscheduled line replaceable unit event affecting the line replaceable unit removal rate
- 7. Probability of an unscheduled line replaceable unit event affecting the shop visit rate
- 8. Probability of an unscheduled line replaceable unit event affecting the in-flight shut down rate
- 9. Probability of an unscheduled line replaceable unit event affecting the non-recoverable in-flight shut down rate
- 10. Number of line replaceable units with a common event rate
- 11. Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per other subsystem/maintenance event (100% efficiency)
- 12. Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per line replaceable unit removal event (100% efficiency)
- 13. Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per shop visit event (100% efficiency)

14. Maintenance man-hour efficiency factor.

This sheet has seven columns that contain calculated data. The location of each column is indicated on table 9. The equations for each column are listed below.

1. Contribution of the line replaceable unit event to the inherent maintenance event rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)

Line Probability of an unscheduled Number of replaceable; line replaceable; unit line replaceable Event unscheduled | X | rate | X | unit event ; X units with baseline ! !ratio! affecting the a common inherent main- ! maintenance! event rate event rate tenance events !

 Contribution of the line replaceable unit event to the other subsystem/maintenance event rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)

Line Probability of replaceable: an unscheduled Number of line replaceable line replaceable unit Event: !unscheduled | X | rate | X | X ! unit event units with affecting the baseline ! !ratio! a common maintenance! other subsystem event rate removal rate event rate

3. Contribution of the line replaceable unit event to the line replaceable unit removal rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)

Probability of Line replaceable; an unscheduled Number of |line replaceable| !Event! line replaceable; unscheduled! X !rate ! X ! unit event ! X ! units with |ratio| affecting the baseline ! a common maintenance! line replaceable: event rate event rate ! removal rate

:	•	:		
Line	į	Probability of		
replaceable		an unscheduled	1	Number of
unit	Event	line replaceable ;	1	line replaceable;
unscheduled X	rate X	unit event	X	units with
baseline	ratio	affecting the	;	a common
maintenance	1	shop visit rate :	1	event rate
event rate		·	1	
			•	
		replaceable unit ev		
shut down rate	e (events per	r 1000 engine fligh	t ho	urs)
1		1		
Line		Probability of		
replaceable		an unscheduled	· ·	Number of
; unit ;	Event	line replaceable;		line replaceable
unscheduled:			X ;	units with
baseline	ratio	affecting the	;	a common
maintenance	11	in-flight shut ;	i	event rate
event rate		down rate	- 1,	
!		ll		
		replaceable unit ev		
	-flight shut	t down rate (events	per	1000 engine
recoverable in flight hours)				
flight hours)				,
flight hours)	·	Probability of		
flight hours) Line replaceable	<u> </u>	an unscheduled		Number of
flight hours) Line replaceable unit	Event	an unscheduled line replaceable		line replaceab
flight hours) Line replaceable unit unscheduled	X rate X	; an unscheduled ; line replaceable ; unit event	X	line replaceab
Line replaceable unit unscheduled baseline	, ,	an unscheduled line replaceable unit event affecting the		line replaceab units with a common
Line replaceable unit unscheduled baseline maintenance	X rate X	an unscheduled line replaceable unit event affecting the non-recoverable		line replaceab units with
Line replaceable unit unscheduled baseline	X rate X	an unscheduled line replaceable unit event affecting the		line replaceab units with a common

7. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the maintenance manhours per engine flight hour.

Contribution of |Average organizational| the line X | level maintenance man-|| replaceable unit ; hours per other to the other |subsystem removal rate| subsystem removal! rate Maintenance Contribution of man-hour |Average organizational| the line | X | level maintenance man-| | X | efficiency | ***** ;1000; replaceable unit ! hours per line factor to the line replaceable unit replaceable unit ; removal rate removal rate | Average organizational!! Contribution of : X | level maintenance manthe line replaceable unit ; hours per shop visit ::: to the shop visit; event rate

- 1. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the inherent maintenance event rate
- 2. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the other subsystem removal rate
- 3. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the line replaceable unit removal rate

- 4. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the shop visit rate
- 5. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the in-flight shut down rate
- 6. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the non-recoverable in-flight shut down rate
- 7. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the maintenance man-hours per engine flight hour.

TABLE 9. Unscheduled Line Replaceable Unit Events

			7															
	001TEL- BUTION 00			Ξ														
		RPFICIENCY PACTOR																
	.8.		Š	3														
	AVERACE OBC-LEVEL UNSCREDULLO PRE PRE PRE	21.62		DE LEGI		E E		EPPTC LEU		EPP IC		EPPTC LEU		EPP ICE		(21)		
	_ 85 a	500		(11)														
		MR.I PSD		[9]	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0												
	2	1730		(5)		•												
	ON OP L	346		Ξ	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	٥												
	CONTRIBUTION OF LEU TO EACH PARAMETER (EVENTS/IL EPB)	B		5	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	•												
		MRIES		12)	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	٥												
_		Ħ										٥						
UNSCRIBOULED LINE REPLACEABLE UNIT EVENTS	MUMBER OF LEU'S VITH COMPON EVENT RATE			(01)														
ACEABLE	PROBABILITY OF UNSCREDIMED LEUS BYENT APPECTING RACH PARAMETER	WRIFSD		6														
ME REPL		11730		€														
ULBO LI		SVR		ε														
UNSCHED		AZT.		(9)														
		OTHER		(5)														
		1H		€														
	RVENT	EATIO 1		<u>e</u>														
	ORSCHEDULED	LEU UNSCHEDULED BASELLINE NALINTENANCE EVENT EATE (BVENT/IL BPR)		(2)														
	LINB REPLACEABLE UNITS			6		LAU TOTALS												
			\Box		***************************************													

Calculated imputs

Scheduled Line Replaceable Unit Events Sheet

This sheet holds information on the scheduled maintenance events associated with the line replaceable units. The systems that should be entered on this table include fuel pumps, fuel controls, ignition exciters, oil pumps, and so on. Table 10 shows the Scheduled Line Replaceable Unit Event Sheet.

The inputs required for this sheet are listed below. The entry location for each input is shown on table 10.

- 1. Line replaceable unit names
- 2. Line replaceable unit scheduled baseline maintenance event rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)
- 3. Event rate ratio
- 4. Scheduled event type line replaceable unit (line replaceable unit events that cause a line replaceable unit removal)
- 5. Scheduled event type maintenance man-hour (line replaceable unit events that cause maintenance personnel actions)
- 6. Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per event (100% efficiency)
- 7. Maintenance man-hour efficiency factor.

This sheet has three columns that contain calculated data. The location of each column is indicated on table 10. The equations for each column are listed below:

1. Contribution of the line replaceable unit event to scheduled line replaceable removal rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)

Line replaceable unit | Event | Scheduled event type | scheduled baseline | X | rate | X | (line replaceable maintenance event rate | ratio | unit)

2. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the scheduled maintenance man-hour event rate

Line replaceable unit | Event | Scheduled event type | scheduled baseline | X | rate | X | (maintenance man-maintenance event rate | ratio | hours)

3. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the scheduled maintenance man-hours per engine flight hour.

Contribution of the Average Maintenance line replaceable unit organizational man-hour to the scheduled X level maintenance X efficiency 1000; maintenance man-hour man-hours per factor event rate event

- 1. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the scheduled line replaceable removal rate
- 2. Contribution of the line replaceable unit to the scheduled maintenance man-hours per engine flight hour.

TABLE 10. Scheduled Line Replaceable Events

() Required imputs () Calculated numbers

Unscheduled Other Subsystem/Maintenance Events Sheet

This sheet holds information on the unscheduled maintenance events associated with the miscellaneous subsystem/maintenance events. The subsystems/maintenance events that should be included in this table include oil filters, igniter plugs, borescope inspections, and so on. Table 11 shows the Unscheduled Other Subsystem/Maintenance Events Sheet.

The inputs required for this sheet are listed below. The entry location for each input is shown on table 11.

- 1. Other subsystem/maintenance event names
- 2. Other subsystem/maintenance unscheduled baseline maintenance event rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)
- 3. Event rate ratio
- 4. Probability of an unscheduled other subsystem/maintenance event affecting the inherent maintenance event rate
- 5. Probability of an unscheduled other subsystem/maintenance event affecting the other subsystem removal rate
- 6. Probability of an unscheduled other subsystem/maintenance event affecting the line replaceable unit removal rate
- 7. Probability of an unscheduled other subsystem/maintenance event affecting the shop visit rate
- 8. Probability of an unscheduled other subsystem/maintenance event affecting the in-flight shut down rate
- 9. Probability of an unscheduled other subsystem/maintenance event affecting the non-recoverable in-flight shut down rate
- 10. Number of other subsystem/maintenance events with a common event rate
- 11. Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per other subsystem/maintenance event (100% efficiency)
- 12. Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per line replaceable unit removal event (100% efficiency)

- 13. Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per shop visit event (100% efficiency)
- 14. Maintenance man-hour efficiency factor.

The sheet has seven columns that contain calculated data. The location of each column is indicated on table 11. The equations for each column are listed below.

1. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the inherent maintenance event rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)

!Probability of ! an unscheduled Other subsystem/ other Number of |other subsystem/ subsystem/ | maintenance | |Event| unscheduled; X rate; X; maintenance | X | maintenance events with a baseline ! !ratio! event affecting: the inherent common event rate! maintenance! event rate! maintenance event

2. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the other subsystem/maintenance event rate

Probability of an unscheduled Number of Other other subsystem/ subsystem/ |Event| other maintenance | X | rate | X | maintenance X | subsystem/ |ratio| unscheduled! event affecting maintenance the other subevents with a baseline ! system/maintenance: ! common event! maintenance! event rate event rate rate

Number of other subsystem/ maintenance events with common even
other subsystem/ maintenance events with common even
subsystem/ maintenance events with common even
maintenance events with common even
events with common even
common even
rate
,
e events to the hours)
!
Number of
other
subsystem
maintenanc
events with
common even
rate
!

6. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the non-recoverable in-flight shut down rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)

Other | Probability of | an unscheduled Number of : subsystem/; maintenance; |Event| other subsystem/; |other subsystem/ | maintenance | X | maintenance |unscheduled| X |rate | X | |ratio| event affecting | events with a baseline common event rate; maintenance! non-recoverable event rate : | in-flight shut | down rate

7. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the maintenance man-hours per engine flight hour.

Contribution of the other subsystem/ maintenance events to the other subsystem/ maintenance event rate	x +	Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per other subsytem/maintenance event			
Contribution of the other subsystem/ maintenance events to the line replaceable unit removal rate	x	Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per line replaceable unit removal event	X	maintenance man-hour efficiency factor	* 1000
	+				
Contribution of the other subsystem/ maintenance events to the shop visit rate	x	Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per shop visit event			

This sheet will sum the data contained in the following columns:

1. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the inherent maintenance event rate

- 2. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the other subsystem/maintenance event rate
- 3. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the line replaceable unit removal rate
- 4. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the shop visit rate
- 5. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the in-flight shut down rate
- 6. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the non-recoverable in-flight shut down rate
- 7. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the maintenance man-hours per engine flight hour.

TABLE 11. Unscheduled Other Subsystem/Maintenance Events

	∴_ 8 .	. 6	Ē		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0
	BUTION OF OTHER	2	12 (13 E	Ξ		
	BANG 131 668	PACTOR		(11)		
			376	(11)		
	AVERACE OBC-LEVEL UNSCREDULED MAII PARI PARI PARI	I REPIC	129	(21)		
			OTHER	(11)		
		1001.001	MELTOU	[9]	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0
	S EVENT	1 000	IFBU	[5]	000000000000000000000000000	0
	CONTREBUTION OF OTHER BYENT TO BACH PARAMETER (BYENTS/IR BFN)	SVR		[1]	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0
		1,01	283	[8]		0
5 0		OTHER		[2]	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0
E EVENT		¥		Ξ	0 00000000000000000000000000000000000	0
UNSCHEDULED OTHER SUBSTSTEM/HAINTENANCE EVENTS	MEMBER OF OTHER EVENTS WITH COMMON RVENT RATE			(10)	•	
SYSTEM	PROBABILITY OF UNSCHEDULED OTHER EVENT AFPECTING BACH PARAMETER	MD I DOD	REIFSU	(6)		
THER SU		usu.	Irsu	(8)		
DULIED O		g	348	(1)		
UNSCHE			<u> </u>	<u>©</u>		
			OTHER	(2)		
	·		Ë	ε)		
	BVBNT RATE RATE			ĉ		
	OTHER EVENT UNICHEDULED BASER EVE	OTHER EVENT UNSCREDULED BASELINE NALINTENANCE EVENT RATE (EVENT/IK EFT)		(2)		
	OTHER SURSYSTEM/NATHTRNANCE Byents			(1)		OTHER MAINTENANCE TOTALS
					440-890-5171750-850-171750-850-171750	\prod

| Required inputs | Calculated numbers

Scheduled Other Subsystem/Maintenance Events Sheet

This sheet holds information on the scheduled maintenance events associated with the miscellaneous subsystem/maintenance events. The subsystem/maintenance events that should be included in this table include oil filters, igniter plugs, borescope inspections, and so on. Table 12 shows the Scheduled Other Subsystem/Maintenance Events Sheet.

The inputs required for this sheet are listed below. The entry location for each input is shown on table 12.

- 1. Other subsystem/maintenance event names
- 2. Other subsystem/maintenance scheduled baseline maintenance event rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)
- 3. Event rate ratio
- 4. Scheduled event type other subsystem/maintenance
- 5. Scheduled event type maintenance man-hour events
- 6. Average organizational level maintenance man-hours per event (100% efficiency)
- 7. Maintenance man-hour efficiency factor.

This sheet has three columns that contain calculated data. The location of each column is indicated on table 12. The equations for each column are listed below.

1. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the scheduled subsystem/maintenance event rate (events per 1000 engine flight hours)

Other subsystem/ | Event | Scheduled event type maintenance scheduled | X | rate | X | (other subsystem/ baseline maintenance | ratio | maintenance) | event rate | _____ |

2. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the scheduled maintenance man-hour event rate

Other subsystem/ Event Scheduled event type
maintenance scheduled X rate X (maintenance
baseline maintenance ratio man-hour)
event rate

3. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the scheduled maintenance man-hours per engine flight hour.

!Contribution of the! Average distribution of the control of the c organizational! !Maintenance! !maintenance events ! X ! X man-hour level * ! to the scheduled ; |efficiency | maintenance ; maintenance man-hours factor man-hour event rate per event

- 1. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the scheduled other subsystem/maintenance event rate
- 2. Contribution of the other subsystem/maintenance events to the scheduled maintenance man-hours per engine flight hour.

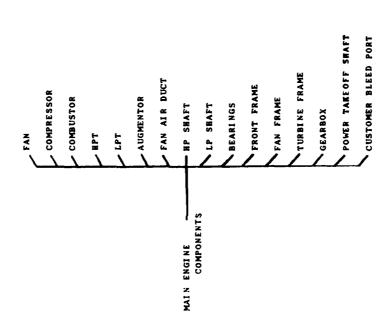
Scheduled Other Subsystem/Maintenance Events TABLE 12.

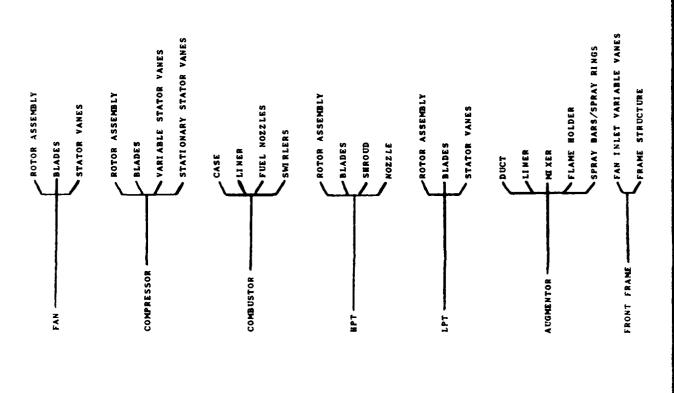
	<u> </u>																		
	CONTRI- BUTION OF OTHER EVENT TO SCHEDULED	MOCH / EFB	[8]	• • • •			00				••		•					0	0
	MMH EFFI CI ENCY FACTOR		(1)																
	AVERAGE ORG LEVEI MANB PER EVENT	EFFI CI ENCY	(9)					-											
EVENTS	ONTRIBUTION OF EACH OTHER EVENT O SCHEDULED LEVEL EVENTS VENT/IK EFH)	ЮФ	{2}	000	000	000	••	• •	001	• • •		00	• •	00	• •		00	•	
SUBSYSTEM MAINTENANCE EVENTS	CONTRIBUTION OF EACH OTHER EVENT TO SCHEDULED ORG LEVEL EVENTS	OTHER	(11)	000	000		00	• •	00			00	00	00	00	•	0 6		0
BSYSTEM MA	SCREDULED Event Type	HWM	(\$)						-						~ -	-			
OTHER	SCRE! EV	OTHER	(P)																
SCHEDULED	EVENT RATE RATIO		(8)			4			-				- A			-		•	
	OTHER EVENT SCHEDULED BASELINE MAINTENANCE EVENT RATE	(EVENIZIN EFR)	(2)																
	OTHER SUBSYSTEM MAINTENANCE Events		(1)															!	OTHER MAINTENANCE TOTALS
			4 2 6	4806	« » ç	2 2 2	13	15	18	20 2	22	24	26	28	30	32	33	35	

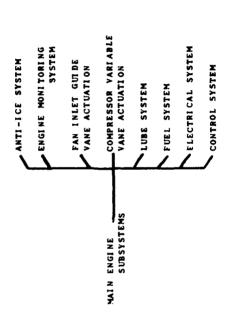
() Required inputs [) Calculated numbers

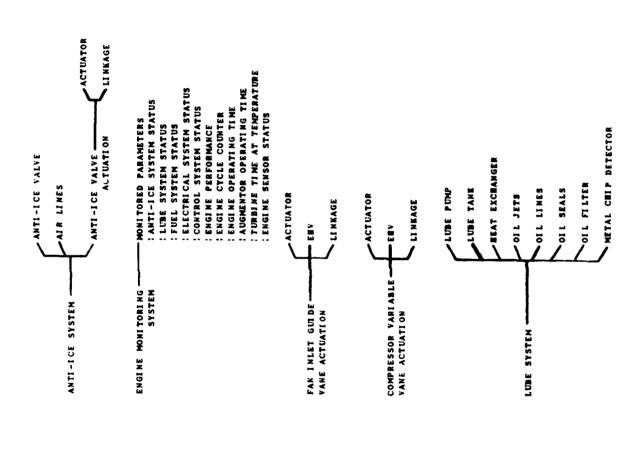
APPENDIX C

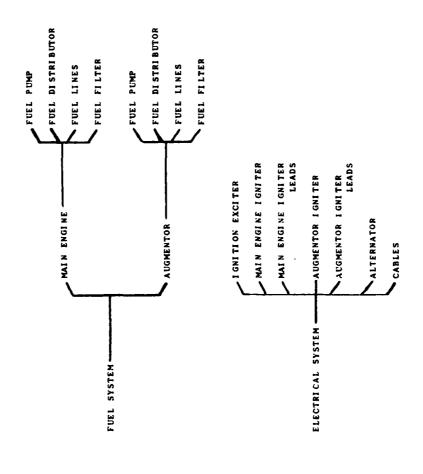
COMMON MAIN ENGINE SYSTEM FLOW CHARTS



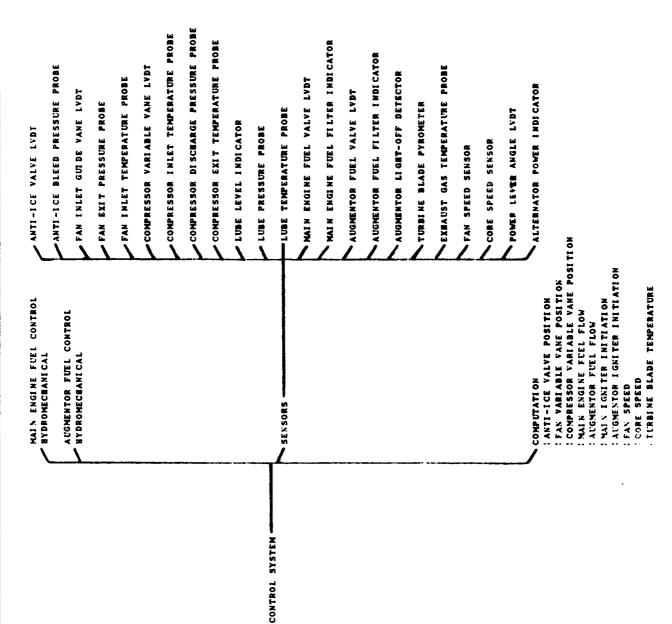






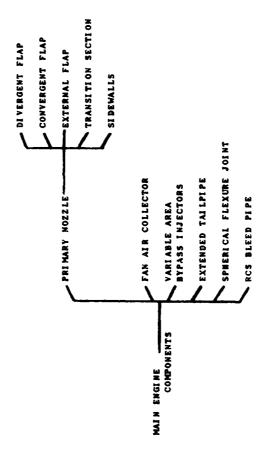


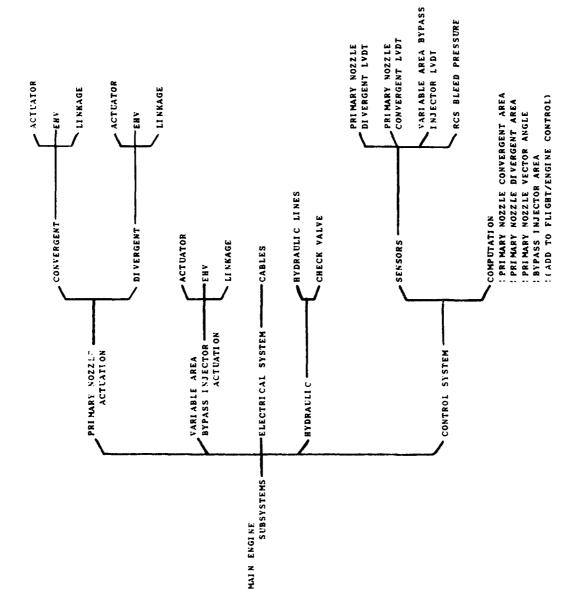
COMMON ENGINE-MAIN ENGINE SUBSYSTEMS BREAK OUTS-(CONTINUED)

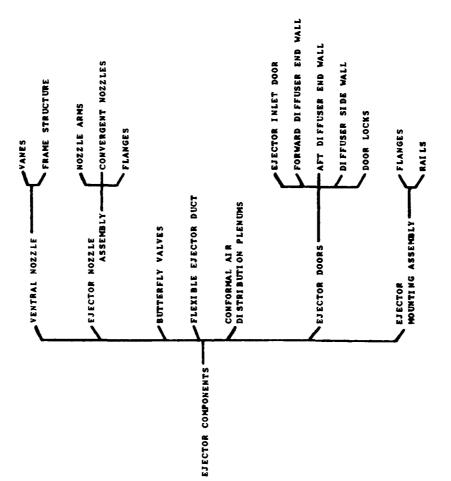


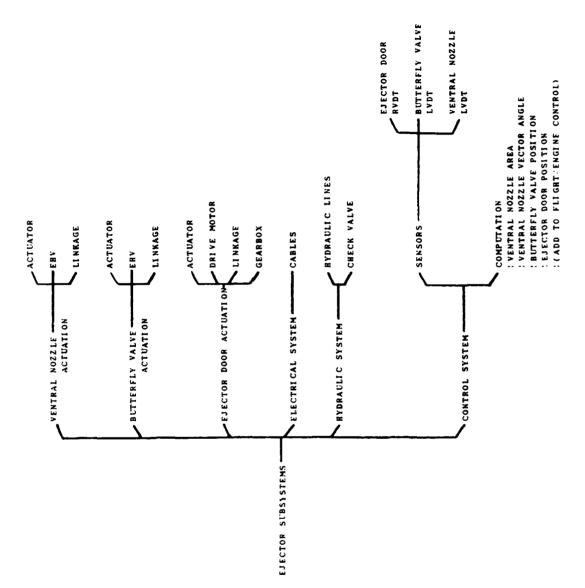
APPENDIX D

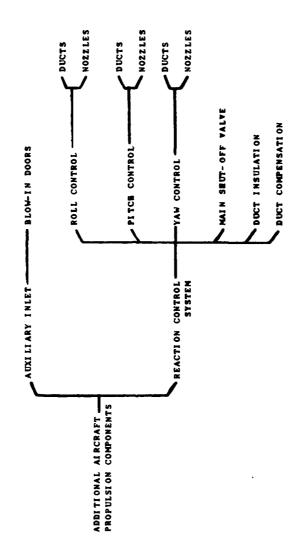
EJECTOR SYSTEM FLOW CHARTS

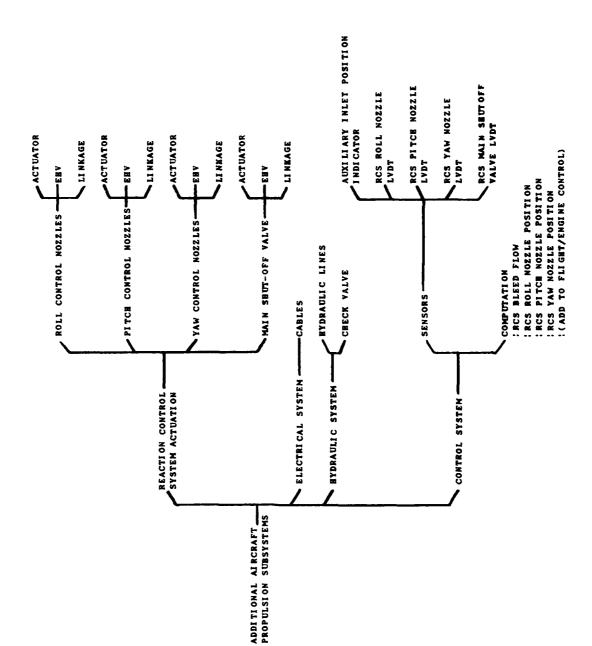






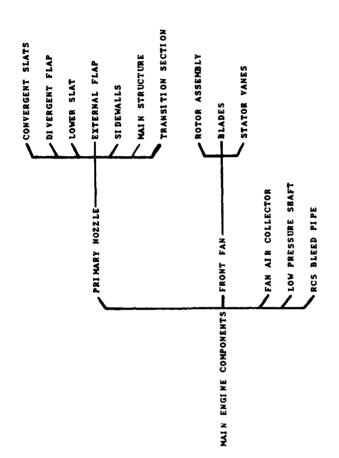




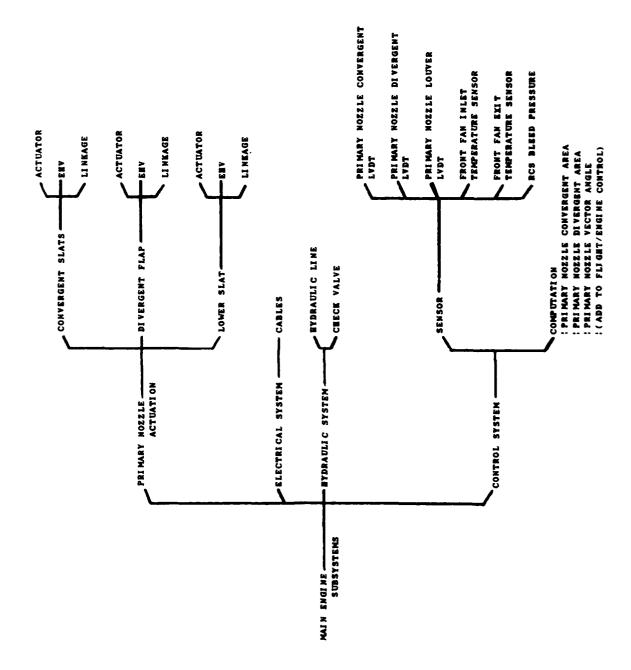


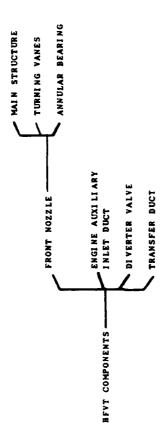
APPENDIX E

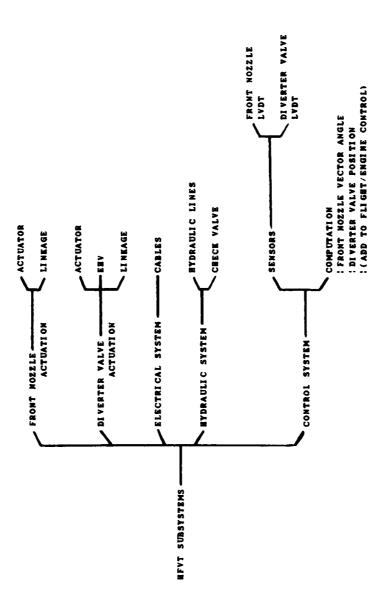
HEVT SYSTEM FLOW CHARTS

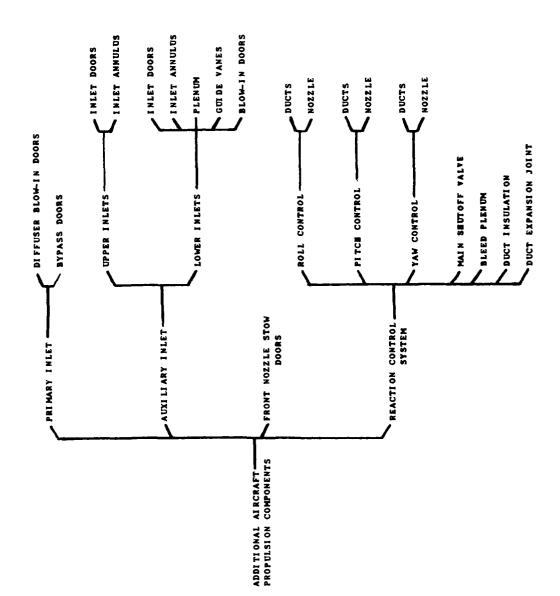


HVFT-MAIN ENGINE SUBSYSTEMS

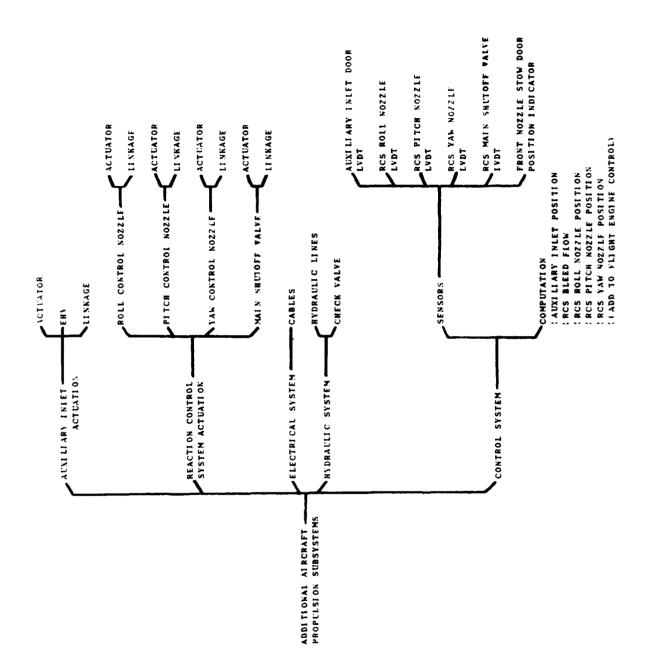






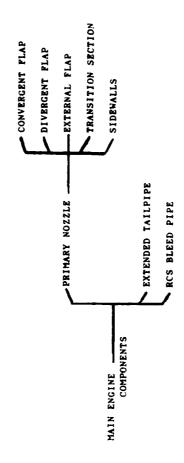


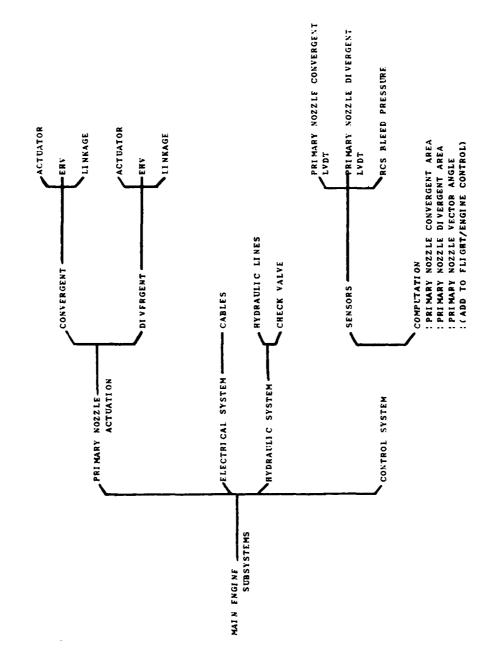
HEVT-ADDITIONAL AIRCRAFT PROPULSION SUBSYSTEMS

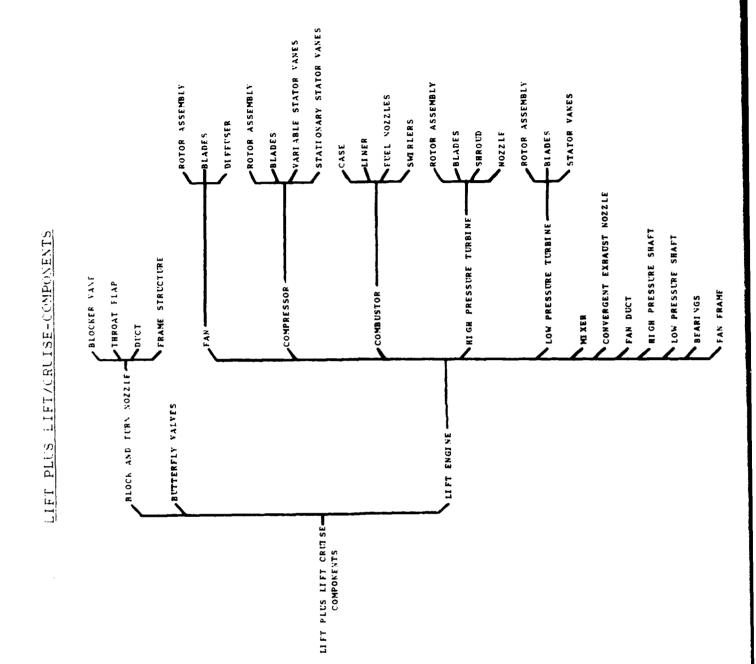


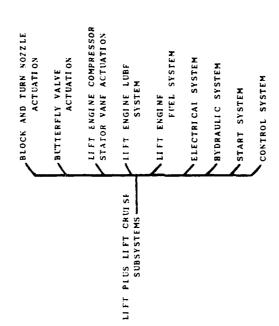
APPENDIX F

LIFT PLUS LIFT/CRUISE SYSTEM FLOW CHARTS

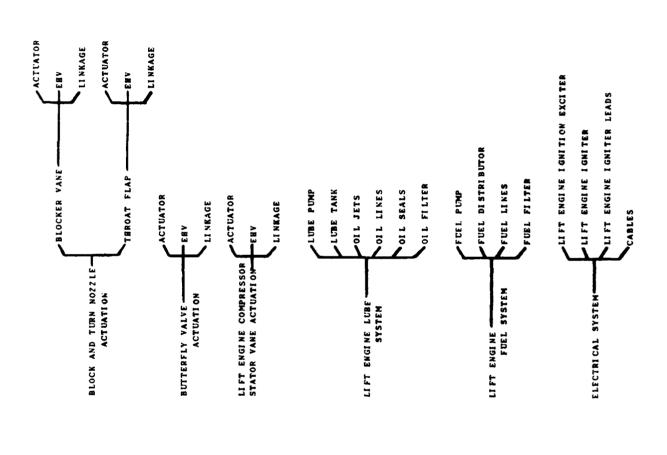








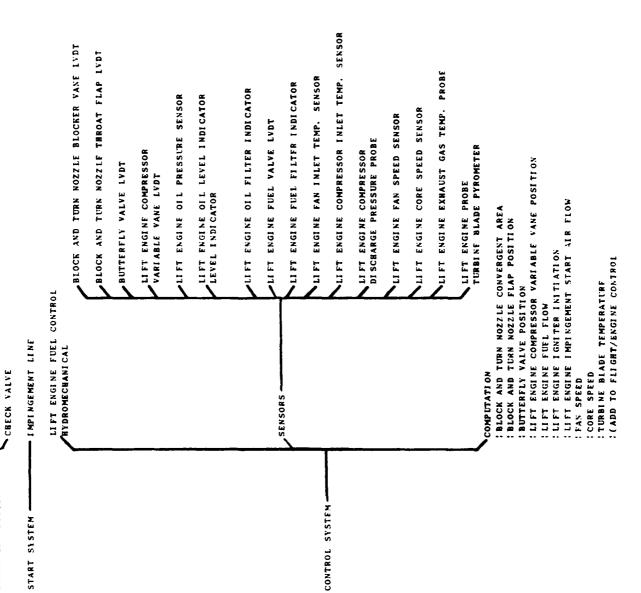
LIFT PLUS LIFT/CRUISE-SUBSYSTEM BREAK OUT

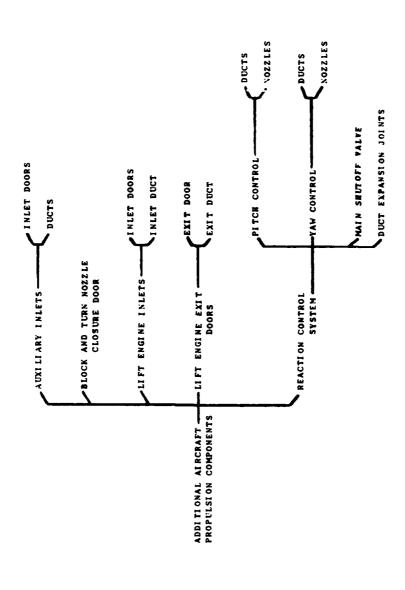


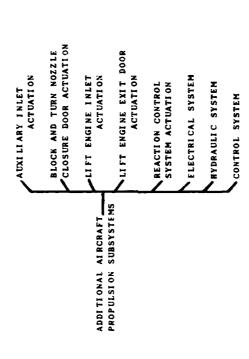
LIFT PLUS LIFT/CRUISE- SUBSYSTEM BREAK OUT (CONTINUED)

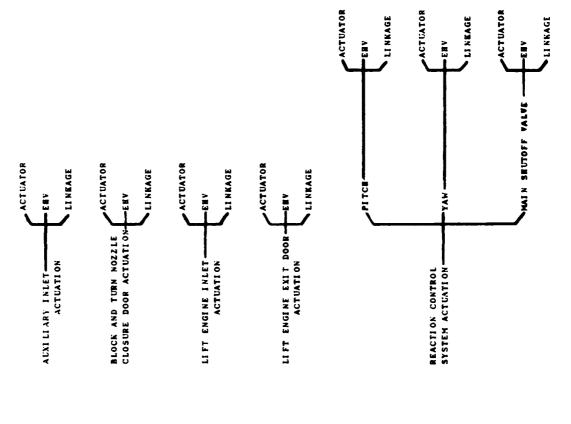
BYDRAULIC LINES

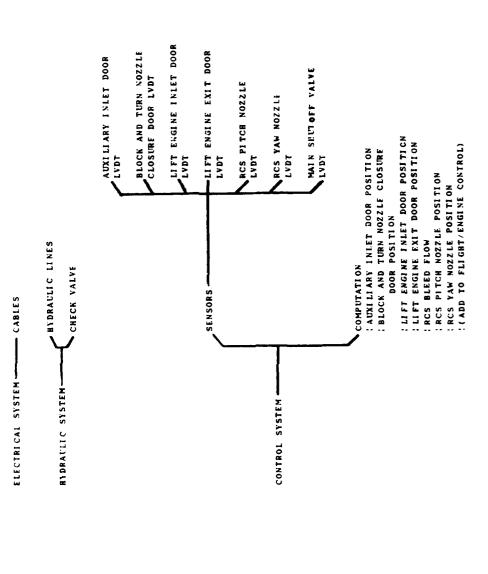
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM





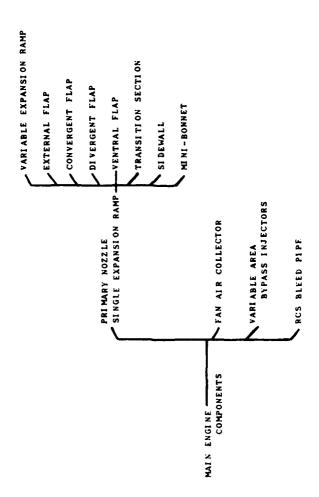


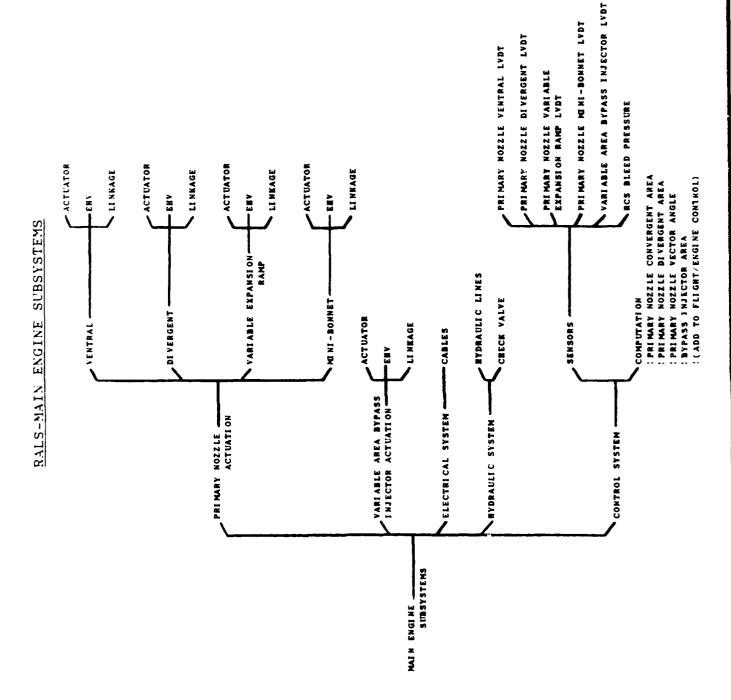


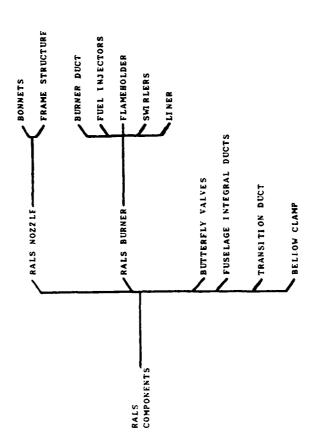


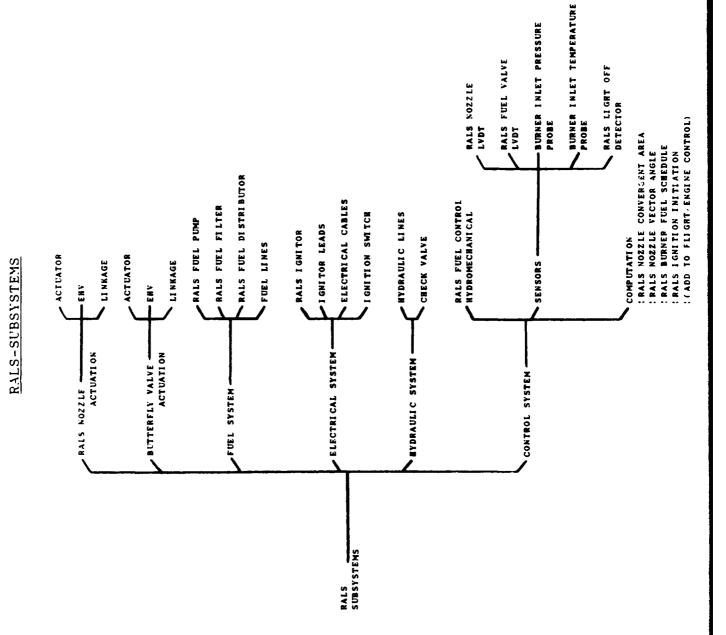
APPENDIX G

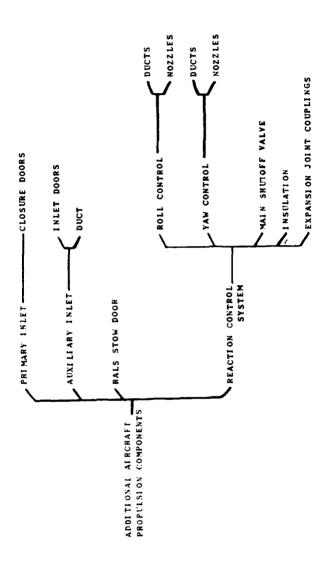
RALS FLOW CHARTS

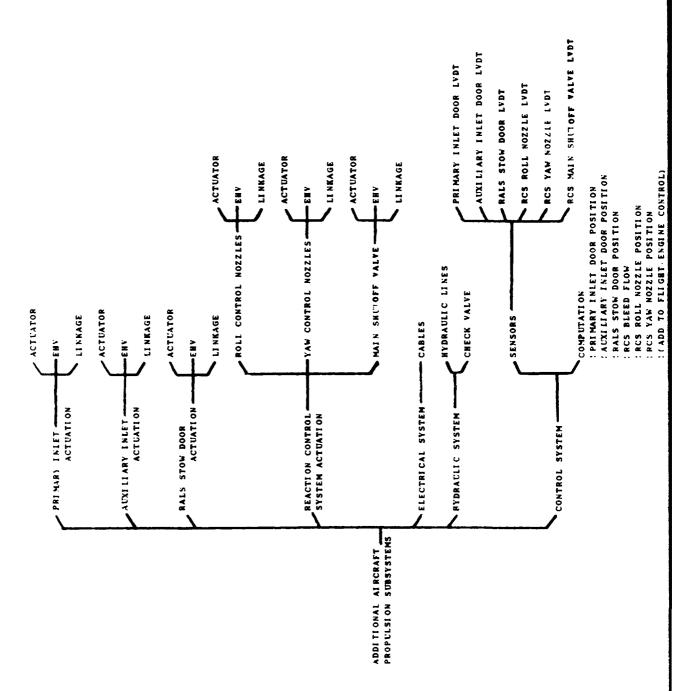






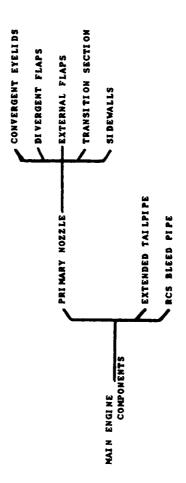


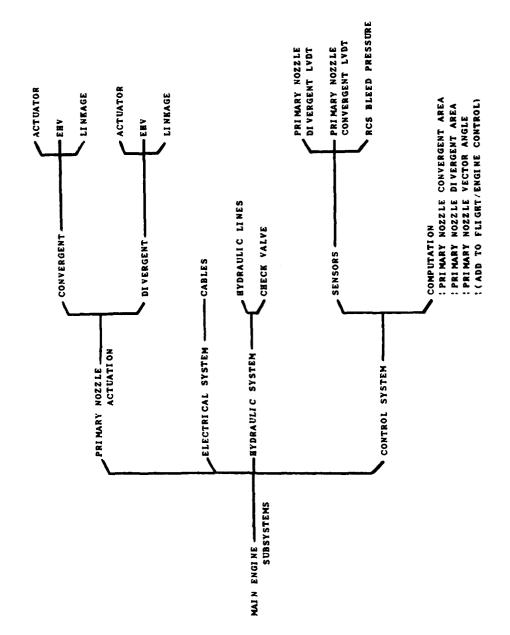


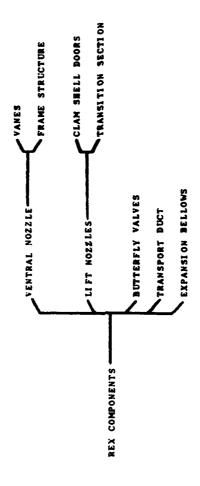


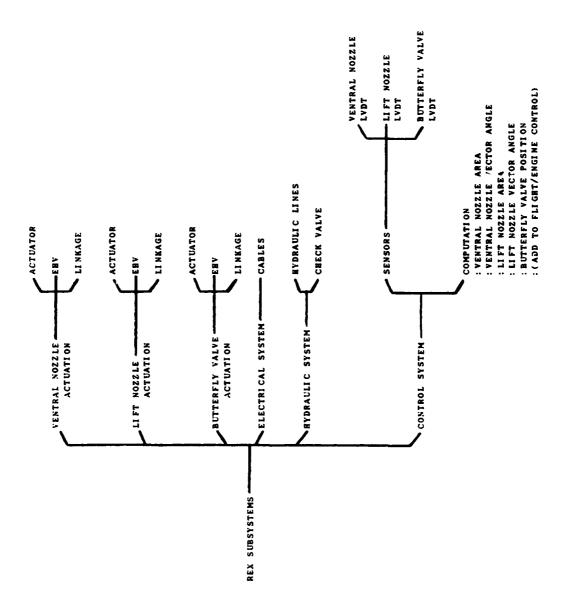
APPENDIX H

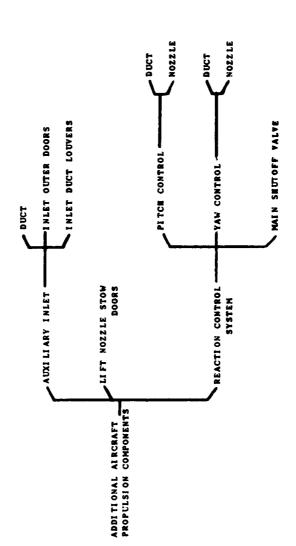
REX SYSTEM FLOW CHARTS



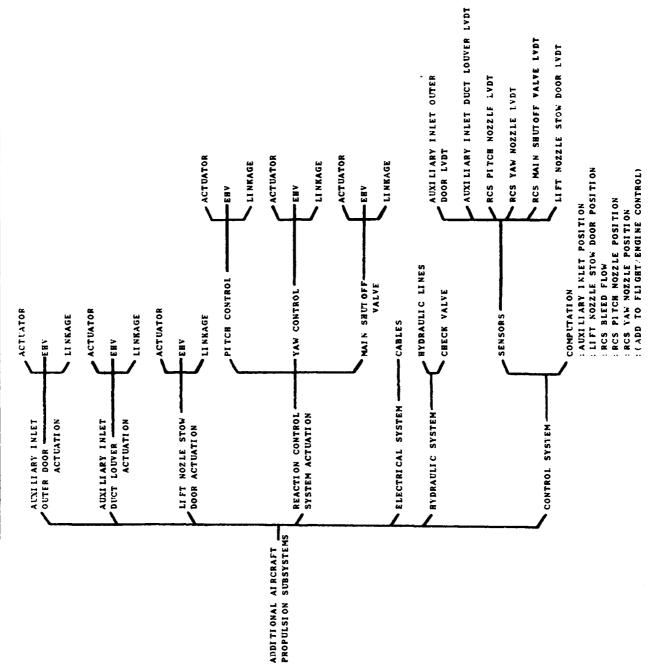








REX-ADDITIONAL AIRCRAFT PROPULSION SUBSYSTEMS



APPENDIX I

RADA ANALYSIS

RESOURCE ALLOCATION DECISION AID

The Resource Allocation Decision Aid (RADA) software package is designed to rank the possible solutions to a problem. The possible solutions or alternatives are characterized by rating criteria. Up to five levels of criteria hierarchy can be defined in this program. Weights can be placed on the rating criteria. These weights can be applied directly to each criteria or set up in a pair-wise fashion to reflect the relationship between several criteria. Filters can be constructed for each criteria in order to normalize the raw data inputs. Sensitivity studies can be conducted by varying the filter and weight settings. The program will calculate an index and a rank for each alternative (CFC Incorporated. 1986).

In order to conduct a RADA analysis the following steps should be taken:

- 1. Define the alternatives
- 2. Define the rating criteria
- 3. Create a criteria hierarchy
- 4. Enter raw data for the criteria defined for each alternative
- 5. Choose a normalization method for each criterion (set filters)
- 6. Choose the weight to be applied to each criterion
- 7. Review the index ratings and alternatives rating calculated by the RADA program. Conduct sensitivity analyses if necessary and select the best alternative (CFC Incorporated, 1986).

TOP LEVEL

CRITERIA HIERARCHY

- !---C01 * MAIN ENGINE COMPONENTS
- :---CO2 * MAIN ENGINE SUBSYSTEMS
- !---C03 * VERTICAL LIFT COMPONENTS
- :---C04 * VERTICAL LIFT SUBSYSTEMS
- !---C05 * AIRCRAFT COMPONENTS
- :---C06 * AIRCRAFT SUBSYSTEMS

TOP LEVEL RATINGS

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: TOP: TOP LEVEL			KICES IC	0111				
			CRITERI					
ALTERNATIVES WTS=	C01	C03	C05	C02	C04	C06	INDEX	RANK
(rows)	2	2	1	1	1	1		
A03 RALS	8	9	3	10	8	10	10	5
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE	1	10	6	1	10	10	6	4
A05 HFVT	10	1	10	6	1	6	5	3
A01 EJECTOR	6	8	1	6	5	1	4	2
A04 REX	1	6	2	1	4	10	1	1
CO1 MAIN ENGINE COMPO	NENTS	C03	VERTICAL	LIFT	COMP	ONENTS	CO5 AIRCR	AFT COMPONENTS
CO2 MAIN ENGINE SUBST	STEMS	C04	VERTICAL	LIFT	SUBS	YSTEMS	CO6 ATROR	AFT SUBSYSTEMS

TOP LEVEL RAW DATA

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT NODE: TOP: TOP LEVEL										
NODE: TOT: TOT LEVEL	CRITERIA (in Columns)									
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C01	C03	C05	C02	C04	C06				
EJECTOR	6.0	8.0	1.0	6.0	5.0	1.0	-			
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE	1.0	10.0	6.0	1.0	10.0	10.0				
RALS	8.0	9.0	3.0	10.0	8.0	10.0				
REX	1.0	6.0	2.0	1.0	4.0	10.0				
HFVT	10.0	1.0	10.0	6.0	1.0	6.0				
CO1 MAIN ENGINE COMP	ONENTS	C03	VERTIC	AL LIF	T COMP	ONENTS	C05	AIRCRAFT	COMPONENTS	
CO2 MAIN ENGINE SUBS	YSTEMS	C04	VERTIC	AL LIF	T SUBS	YSTEMS	C06	AIRCRAFT	SUBSYSTEMS	

SECOND LEVEL CRITERIA HIERARCHY

```
|---C07 * RELIABILITY
|---C28 * COMPLEXITY
|---C29 * PART COUNT
|---C30 * TECHNOLOGY MATURITY
|---C38 * PART ENVIRONMENT

|---C38 * MAINTAINABILITY
|---C31 * SERVICEABILITY
|---C32 * TIME TO REPAIR
|---C33 * REPARABILITY

|---C34 * MAINTENANCE COSTS
|---C35 * MAN-POWER
|---C36 * REPLACEMENT PARTS
|---C37 * SUPPORT EQUIPMENT
```

SECOND LEVEL OVERALL RATINGS

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: TOP: MAIN ENGINE COMPONENTS (MEC)

		CI	(in Columns)			
ALTERNATIVES	C07	C09	C08		INDEX	RANK
(rows) WTS	=> 1	1	1			
AO5 HFVT MEC	9	10	10		10	5
A03 RALS MEC	10	6	6		8	4
A01 EJECTOR MEC	5	5	8		6	3
A04 REX MEC	1	1	1		1	2
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE ME	C 1	1	1		1	1

CO7 RELIABILITY CO9 SUPPORTABILITY CO8 MAINTAINABILITY

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: TOP: VERTICAL LIFT COMPONENTS (VLC)

		CRITERIA (in Columns)					
ALTERNATIVES	007	CO9	C08		INDEX	RANK	
(rows)	WTS=> 1	. 1	1		10	5	
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CRU	ISE VLC 10	10	10		10	5	
A03 RALS VLC	10	7	10		9	4	
A01 EJECTOR VLC	8	9	8		8	3	
A04 REX VLC	7	4	6		6	2	
A05 HFVT VLC	1	. 1	1		1	1	

CO7 RELIABILITY CO9 SUPPORTABILITY CO8 MAINTAINABILITY

SECOND LEVEL OVERALL RATINGS (CONTINUED)

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: TOP: VERTICAL LIFT SUBSYSTEMS	48	(VIS)
-------------------------------------	----	-------

CAD LUMBER V	1:-	C-11
CRITERIA	(TU	COTUMENS

		CRITERIA (III COLUMNS)					
ALTERNATIVES		C07	C09	C08		INDEX RANK	
(rows)	WTS=>	1	1	1			
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CR	UISE VLS	10	10	10		10	5
A03 RALS VLS		9	9	6		8	4
A01 EJECTOR VLS		7	4	4		5	3
A04 REX VLS		3	4	5		4	2
A05 HFVT VLS		1	1	1		1	1

CO7 RELIABILITY CO9 SUPPORTABILITY CO8 MAINTAINABILITY

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: TOP: AIRCRAFT COMPONENTS (AC)

CRITERIA	(in	Columns)

ALTERNATIVES (rows)	CO7 WTS=> 1	co9 1	C08 1	INDEX RANK
A05 HFVT AC	10	10	10	10 5
A02 LIFT+LIFT/C	RUISE AC 7	6	5	6 4
A03 RALS AC	5	3	3	3 3
A04 REX AC	4	3	1	2 2
A01 EJECTOR AC	1	1	3	1 1
COZ DET TARTI TOR	000	CI TIDODI	PADTI TOW	COO MATAFFATAIADTI TIT

CO7 RELIABILITY CO9 SUPPORTABILITY CO8 MAINTAINABILITY

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: TOP: AIRCRAFT SUBSYSTEMS (AS)

CRITERIA (in Columns)

			CA.	OT LIMOTA (TII COLUMNS!		
ALTERNATIVES		CO7	CO9	C08		INDEX	RANK
(rows)	WTS=	> 1	1	1			
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CE	UISE AS	10	10	10		10	5
A04 REX AS		8	10	8		9	4
A03 RALS AS		8	10	8		9	3
A05 HFVT AS		6	6	8		7	2
A01 EJECTOR AS		1	1	1		1	1

CO7 RELIABILITY CO9 SUPPORTABILITY CO8 MAINTAINABILITY

SECOND LEVEL RATINGS - MAIN ENGINE COMPONENTS

MATRICES REPORT

NODE .	നവം .	SUPPORTABILITY
INCIDE	1.03.	AUFFARIADILI

		CRITERIA (in Columns)							
ALTERNATIVES		C34		C35	C36	C37		INDEX	RANK
	(rows)	WTS=>	2	2	1	1			
A05	HFVC MEC		10	10	10	1		10	5
A03	RALS MEC		6	7	4	1		6	4
A01	EJECTOR MEC		6	4	7	1		5	3
A04	REX MEC		1	1	1	1		1	2
A02	LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE	MEC	1	1	1	1		1	1

C34 MAINTENANCE COSTS C35 MANPOWER C36 REPLACEMENT PARTS
C37 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: CO8: MAINTAINABILITY

		CF					
ALTERNATIVES	C31	C32	C33		INDEX RAN		
(rows)	WTS=> 2	2	1				
A05 HFVT AC	10	10	6		10	5	
A01 EJECTOR MEC	7	6	10		8	4	
A03 RALS MEC	4	6	10		6	3	
A04 REX MEC	1	1	1		1	2	
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE	MEC 1	1	1		1	1	

C31 SERVICEABILITY C32 TIME TO REPAIR C33 REPARABILITY

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: CO7: RELIABILITY

CRITERIA (in Columns)

					INDEX RANK
ALTERNATIVES	C28	C29	C30	C38	
(rows)	WTS=> 2	1	2	1	
A05 RALS MEC	7	7	10	10	10 5
A05 HFVT MEC	10	10	6	6	9 4
A01 EJECTOR MEC	4	4	6	1	5 3
A04 REC MEC	1	1	1	1	1 2
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CRUIS	SE MEC 1	1	1	1	1 1

C28 COMPLEXITY C29 PART COUNT C30 TECHNOLOGY MATURITY

SECOND LEVEL RATINGS - MAIN ENGINE SUBSYSTEMS

MATRICES REPORT

		CI	lumns)			
ALTERNATIVES	C34	C35	C36	C37	INDEX	RANK
(rows) WTS=	> 2	2	1	1		
A03 RALS MES	10	10	10	1	10	5
A05 HFVT MES	6	6	6	1	6	4
A01 EJECTOR MES	6	6	6	1	6	3
A04 REX MES	1	1	1	1	1	2
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE MES	1	1	1	1	1	1

C37 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: COS: MAINTAINABILITY

		CI	RITERIA	(in Columns)		
ALTERNATIVES	C31	C32	C33		INDEX	RANK
(rows)	WTS=> 2	2	1			
A03 RALS MES	10	10	10		10	5
A01 EJECTOR MES	6	7	10		7	4
A05 HFVT MES	6	4	10		6	3
A04 REX MES	1	1	1		1	2
AO2 LIFT+LIFT/CRUI	SE MES 1	1	1		1	1

C31 SERVICEABILITY C32 TIME TO REPAIR C33 REPARABILITY

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: CO7: RELIABILITY

CRITERIA (in Columns)

				INDEX RANK
C28	C29	C30	C38	
TS=> 2	1	2	1	
10	10	10	10	10 5
10	7	6	6	7 4
6	4	6	1	5 3
1	1	1	1	1 2
MES 1	1	1	1	1 1
	10 10	TS=> 2 1 10 10 10 7 6 4 1 1	TS=> 2 1 2 10 10 10 10 7 6 6 4 6 1 1 1	TS=> 2 1 2 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 7 6 6 6 4 6 1 1 1 1 1

C28 COMPLEXITY

C29 PART COUNT C30 TECHNOLOGY MATURITY

SECOND LEVEL RATINGS - VERTICAL LIFT COMPONENTS

MATRICES REPORT

NODE:	C09:	SUPPORTABILITY

		C	RITERIA	A (in	Columns)		
ALTERNATIVES	C34	C35	C36	C37		INDEX	RANK
(rows)	WTS=> 2	2	1	1			
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CR	UISE VLC 10	10	10	10		10	5
A01 EJECTOR VLC	7	10	10	10		9	4
A03 RALS VLC	7	6	7	10		7	3
A04 REX VLC	4	6	4	1		4	2
A05 HFVT VLC	1	1	1	1		1	1

C34 MAINTENANCE COSTS C35 MANPOWER C36 REPLACEMENT PARTS

C37 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: CO8: MAINTAINABILITY

		CRITERIA (in Columns)					
ALTERNATIVES		231	C32	C33		INDEX	RANK
(rows)	WTS=>	2	2	1			
A03 RALS VLC		10	10	10		10	5
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CR	WISE VLC	10	10	10		10	4
A01 EJECTOR VLC		6	10	10		8	3
A04 REX VLC		6	6	10		6	2
A05 HFVT VLC		1	1	1		1	1
C31 SERVICEABILI	TY C	232	TIME TO	REPAIR	C33 REPARA	BILITY	7

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: CO7: RELIABILITY

A I TY	DDNAMTVIDO	,	200	COO	G20	C20	INDEX	RANK
ALL	ERNATIVES	,	228	C29	C30	C38		
	(rows)	WTS=>	2	1	2	1		
A03	RALS VLC		8	6	10	10	10	5
A02	LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE	VLC	10	10	6	10	10	4
A01	EJECTOR VLC		6	8	10	1	8	3
A04	REX VLC		3	3	10	6	7	2
A05	HFVT VLC		1	1	1	1	1	1

CRITERIA (in Columns)

C29 PART COUNT C28 COMPLEXITY C30 TECHNOLOGY MATURITY C38 PART ENVIRONMENT

SECOND LEVEL RATINGS - VERTICAL LIFT SUBSYSTEMS

MATRICES REPORT

ALTERNATIVES			C	RITERL	A (in	Columns)		
		C34	C35	C36	C37		INDEX RANK	
(rows)	WTS=>	2	2	1	1			
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CRUI	SE VLC	10	10	10	10	·	10	5
AO3 RALS VLS		10	7	10	10		9	4
A04 REX VLS		6	4	6	1		4	3
A01 EJECTOR VLS		6	4	6	1		4	2
A05 HFVT VLS		1	1	1	1		1	1
C34 MAINTENANCE CC		C35	MANPOW	ER	(C36 REPLACE	MENT PAR	rts

MATRICES REPORT

ODE: CO8: MAINT	Columns)				
ALTERNATIVES	C31	C32	C33	· · · · · ·	RANK
(rows)	WTS=> 2	2	1		
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CF	UISE VLS 10	10	10	10	5
03 RALS VLS	6	7	6	6	4
404 REX VLS	6	4	6	5	3
A01 EJECTOR VLS	6	4	6	5	2
A05 HFVT VLS	1	1	1	1	1
C31 SERVICEABIL	TY C32	TIME TO	REPAIR	C33 REPARABILITY	7

MATRICES REPORT

		CF	RITERIA	(in Columns)	TNDEX	RANK
ALTERNATIVES	C28	C29	C30	C38	21122	
(rows)	WTS=> 2	1	2	1		
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CR	UISE VLC 10	10	10	6	10	5
A03 RALS VLS	7	7	10	10	9	4
A01 EJECTOR VLS	4	4	10	6	7	3
A04 REX VLS	4	4	1	6	3	2
A05 HFVT VLS	1	1	1	1	1	1

C28 COMPLEXITY C29 PART COUNT C30 TECHNOLOGY MATURITY C38 PART ENVIRONMENT

SECOND LEVEL RATINGS - AIRCRAFT COMPONENTS

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: CO9: SUPPORTABIL	NODE:	CO9:	SUPPORTARILI	TV
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		C	RITERL	(in Columns)			
ALTERNATIVES	C34	C35	C36	C37		INDEX	RANK
(rows)	WTS=> 2	2	1	1			
AO5 HFVT AC	10	. 10	10	1		10	5
A02 LIFT+LIFT/C	RUISE AC 6	6	7	1		6	4
A04 REX AC	1	. 6	4	1		3	3
A03 RALS AC	1	. 6	4	1		3	2
A01 EJECTOR AC	1	. 1	1	1		1	1

C34 MAINTENANCE COSTS C35 MANPOWER C36 REPLACEMENT PARTS

C37 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: CO8: MAINTAINABILITY

		CF	Columns)	
ALTERNATIVES	C31	C32	C33	INDEX RANK
(rows)	WTS=> 2	2	1	
A05 HFVT AC	10	10	10	10 5
A02 LIFT+LIFT	CRUISE AC 6	6	1	5 4
AO3 RALS AC	6	1	1	3 3
A01 EJECTOR A	C 6	1	1	3 2
A04 REX AC	1	1	1	1 1
C31 SERVICEAB	ILITY C32	TIME TO	REPAIR	C33 REPARABILITY

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: CO7: RELIABILITY

CRITERIA (in Columns)

					INDEX	RANK
ALTERNATIVES	C2:	8 C29	C30	C38		
(rows)	WTS=>	2	1 2	1		
AO5 HFVT AC	10	0 10) 10	10	10	5
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CR	UISE AC	7 8	3 6	10	7	4
A03 RALS AC		4 (6	6	5	3
A04 REX AC		4	1 6	6	4	2
A01 EJECTOR AC		1 :	3 1	1	1	1

C28 COMPLEXITY

C29 PART COUNT

C30 TECHNOLOGY MATURITY

SECOND LEVEL RATINGS - AIRCRAFT SUBSYSTEMS

MATRICES REPORT

NODE:	C09:	SUPPORTABILITY

	NATIVES rows) V		C34	C35	C36	~~~		
(r	rows) V	TTC - \		200	U30	C37	INDEX	RANK
		TS=>	2	2	1	1		
AO4 RE	EX AS		10	10	10	1	10	5
A03 R4	ALS AS		10	10	10	1	10	4
A02 L1	IFT+LIFT/CRUISE	AS	10	10	10	1	10	3
A05 HE	FVT AS		6	6	10	1	6	2
A01 E	JECTOR AS		1	1	1	1	1	1

C37 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: CO8: MAINTAINABILITY

		CRITERIA (in Columns)					
ALTERNATIVES	C31	C32	C33		INDEX	RANK	
(rows)	WTS=> 2	2	1				
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CR	UISE AS 10	10	10		10	5	
AO5 HFVT AS	10	6	10		8	4	
A04 REX AS	10	6	10		8	3	
A03 RALS AS	10	6	10		8	2	
A01 EJECTOR AS	1	1	1		1	1	

C31 SERVICEABILITY C32 TIME TO REPAIR C33 REPARABILITY

MATRICES REPORT

NODE: CO7: RELIABILITY

CRITERIA (in Columns)

					INDEX RANK
ALTERNATIVES	C28	C29	C30	C38	
(rows)	WTS=> 2	1	2	1	
A02 LIFT+LIFT/CR	UISE AS 10	10	10	10	10 5
A04 REX AS	6	7	10	10	8 4
A03 RALS AS	6	7	10	10	8 3
A05 HFVT AS	1	4	10	10	6 2
A01 EJECTOR AS	1	1	1	1	1 1

C28 COMPLEXITY

C29 PART COUNT C30 TECHNOLOGY MATURITY

SECOND LEVEL RAW DATA - MAIN ENGINE COMPONENTS

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO9: SUPPORTABILITY

			CRITERIA (in Columns)				
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C34	C35	C36	C37			
EJECTOR MEC	2.0	2.0	3.0	1.0			
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE MEC	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
RALS MEC	2.0	3.0	2.0	1.0			
REX MEC	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
HFVT MEC	3.0	4.0	4.0	1.0			
C34 MAINTENANCE COSTS C37 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	C35 M	R	C36	REPLACEMENT PARTS			

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO8: MAINTAINABILITY

			CRITERIA (in Columns)			
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C31	C32	C33			
EJECTOR MEC	3.0	2.0	3.0			
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE MEC	1.0	1.0	1.0			
RALS MEC	2.0	2.0	3.0			
REX MEC	1.0	1.0	1.0			
HFVT MEC	4.0	3.0	2.0			
C31 SERVICEABILITY	C32 '	TIME TO	REPAIR	C33 REPARABILITY		

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO7: RELIABILITY

CRITERIA (in Columns)						
C28	C29	C30	C38			
2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0			
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0			
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
4.0	4.0	2.0	2.0			
C29 PART COUNT		C30 1	TECHNOLOGY MATURITY			
	2.0 1.0 3.0 1.0 4.0	2.0 2.0 1.0 1.0 3.0 3.0 1.0 1.0 4.0 4.0	C28 C29 C30 2.0 2.0 2.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 4.0 4.0 2.0	C28 C29 C30 C38 2.0 2.0 2.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 4.0 4.0 2.0 2.0		

SECOND LEVEL RAW DATA - MAIN ENGINE SUBSYSTEMS

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO9: SUPPORTABILITY

	CRITERIA (in Columns)						
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C34	C35	C36	C37			
EJECTOR MES	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0			
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE MES	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
RALS MES	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.0			
REX MES	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
HFVT MES	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0			
C34 MAINTENANCE COSTS	C35 MANPOWER		C36 REP	LACEMENT PARTS			
C37 SUPPORT FOUTPMENT							

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO8: MAINTAINABILITY

NODE. COO. HAINTAINADI	CRITERIA (in Columns)						
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C31	C32	C33				
EJECTOR MES	2.0	3.0	2.0				
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE MES	1.0	1.0	1.0				
RALS MES	3.0	4.0	2.0				
REX MES	1.0	1.0	1.0				
HFVT MES	2.0	2.0	2.0				
C31 SERVICEABILITY	C32 '	TIME TO	REPAIR	C33 REPARABILITY			

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO7: RELIABILITY

	CRITERIA (in Columns)							
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C28	C29	C30	C38				
EJECTOR MES	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0				
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE MES	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0				
RALS MES	3.0	4.0	3.0	3.0				
REX MES	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0				
HFVT MES	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0				
C28 COMPLEXITY	C29	PART C	XXVIII	C30 '	TECHNOLOGY MATURITY			
C38 PART ENVIRONMENT								

SECOND LEVEL RAW DATA - VERTICAL LIFT COMPONENTS

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO9: SUPPORTABILITY

	CRITERIA (in Columns)							
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C34	C35	C36	C37				
EJECTOR VLC	3.0	3.0	4.0	2.0				
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE VLC	4.0	3.0	4.0	2.0				
RALS VLC	3.0	2.0	3.0	2.0				
REX VLC	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0				
HFVT VLC	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0				
C34 MAINTENANCE COSTS C37 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	C35 MANPOWER			C36 R	EPLACEMENT PARTS			

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO8: MAINTAINABILITY

NODE. COO. MAINTAINABI			CRITERIA (in Columns)			
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C31	C32	C33			
EJECTOR VLC	2.0	3.0	2.0			
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE VLC	3.0	3.0	2.0			
RALS VLC	3.0	3.0	2.0			
REX VLC	2.0	2.0	2.0			
HFVT VLC	1.0	1.0	1.0			
C31 SERVICEABILITY	C32 '	TIME TO	REPAIR	C33 REPARABILITY		

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO7: RELIABILITY

			CRITERIA (in Columns)			
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C28	C29	C30	C38		
EJECTOR VLC	3.0	4.0	3.0	1.0		
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE VLC	5.0	5.0	2.0	3.0		
RALS VLC	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0		
REX VLC	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0		
HFVT VLC	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
C28 COMPLEXITY	C29 PART COUNT			C30 TECHNOLOGY MATURITY		

SECOND LEVEL RAW DATA - VERTICAL LIFT SUBSYSTEMS

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO9: SUPPORTABILITY

	CRITERIA (in Columns)						
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C34	C35	C36	C37			
EJECTOR VLS	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0			
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE VLS	3.0	4.0	3.0	2.0			
RALS VLS	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0			
REX VLS	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0			
HFVT VLS	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
C34 MAINTENANCE COSTS C37 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	C35 MANPOWER			C36	REPLACEMENT PARTS		

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO8: MAINTAINABILITY

	CRITERIA (in Columns)						
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C31	C32	C33				
EJECTOR VLS	2.0	2.0	2.0				
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE VLS	3.0	4.0	3.0				
RALS VLS	2.0	3.0	2.0				
REX VLS	2.0	2.0	2.0				
HFVT VLS	1.0	1.0	1.0				
C31 SERVICEABILITY	C32 '	TIME TO	REPAIR	C33 REPARABILITY			

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO7: RELIABILITY

	CRITERIA (in Columns)					
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C28	C29	C30	C38		
EJECTOR VLS	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE VLS	4.0	4.0	2.0	2.0		
RALS VLS	3.0	3.0	2.0	3.0		
REX VLS	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.0		
HFVT VLS	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
C28 COMPLEXITY C38 PART ENVIRONMENT	C29 PART COUNT			C30 TECHNOLOGY MATURITY		

SECOND LEVEL RAW DATA - AIRCRAFT COMPONENTS

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO9: SUPPORTABILITY

Nobel Coll Boll Gillians	CRITERIA (in Columns)							
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C34	C35	C36	C37				
EJECTOR AC	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0				
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE AC	2.0	2.0	3.0	1.0				
RALS AC	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0				
REX AC	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0				
HFVT AC	3.0	3.0	4.0	1.0				
C34 MAINTENANCE COSTS C37 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	C35 MANPOWER			C36 R	EPLACEMENT PARTS			

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO8: MAINTAINABILITY

CRITERIA (in Columns) ALTERNATIVES (rows) C31 C32 C33 EJECTOR AC 2.0 1.0 1.0 LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE AC 2.0 2.0 1.0 2.0 1.0 1.0 RALS AC REX AC 1.0 1.0 1.0 3.0 3.0 2.0 HFVT AC C31 SERVICEABILITY C32 TIME TO REPAIR C33 REPARABILITY

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO7: RELIABILITY

			RITERIA (in Columns)	
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C28	C29	C30	C38
EJECTOR AC	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE AC	3.0	4.0	2.0	3.0
RALS AC	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
REX AC	2.0	1.0	2.0	2.0
HFVT AC	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0
C28 COMPLEXITY	C29	PART C	XOUNT	C30 TECHNOLOGY MATURITY

SECOND LEVEL RAW DATA - AIRCRAFT SUBSYSTEMS

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO9: SUPPORTABILI	TII
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Nobel Cool Boll Galler	••	CRITERIA (in Columns)							
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C34	C35	C36	C37					
EJECTOR AS	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0					
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE AS	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0					
RALS AS	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0					
REX AS	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0					
HFVT AS	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0					
C34 MAINTENANCE COSTS	C35 M	ANPOWE	R	C36	REPLACEMENT PARTS				

C37 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO8: MAINTAINABILITY

ALTERNATIVES (rows)	CRITERIA (in Columns)						
	C31	C32	C33				
EJECTOR AS	1.0	1.0	1.0				
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE AS	2.0	3.0	2.0				
RALS AS	2.0	2.0	2.0				
REX AS	2.0	2.0	2.0				
HFVT AS	2.0	2.0	2.0				
C31 SERVICEABILITY	C32 '	TIME TO	REPAIR	C33 REPARABILITY			

ALTERNATIVES RAW DATA FOR CRITERIA REPORT

NODE: CO7: RELIABILITY

NODE: COT: REDIRETETT				CRITERIA (in Columns)
ALTERNATIVES (rows)	C28	C29	C30	C38
EJECTOR AS	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
LIFT+LIFT/CRUISE AS	3.0	4.0	2.0	2.0
RALS AS	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
REX AS	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
HFVT AS	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
C28 COMPLEXITY	C29	C29 PART COUNT		C30 TECHNOLOGY MATURITY
C38 PART ENVIRONMENT				